

## Your Wants Satisfied

By using the short Advertisement Columns of the Evening Post.  
Two Lines Bring Results.

### THE WEATHER.

KENTUCKY—Fair tonight and tomorrow; winds mostly northerly to easterly.  
INDIANA—Generally fair and continued warm tonight and Wednesday.

## POSTSCRIPTS.

### LOCAL.

The examining trial of Buck Shaeffer, who killed William Leavelle, was set for May 11 in the Police Court.

The Socialist labor party of Louisville will hold a convention tomorrow and have a full ticket.

Some one passed a \$100 Confederate bill on a ticket seller at Churchill Downs yesterday.

The Walnut Street Baptist congregation will lay the cornerstone of its new church tomorrow.

This is the last day on which tax bills may be paid without penalty.

The Columbia Finance and Trust Company announces a number of changes in its office force today.

The anti-cigarette campaign was inaugurated by Dr. Struble last night.

### GENERAL.

The trial of Capt. James Reed, charged with commissary frauds at Manila, is in progress.

Edward Cuddey, of Omaha, refuses to withdraw his reward of \$25,000 for the capture of his son's kidnappers.

Litigation is promised over the efforts of the Dixon Creamery Company, of Ohio, to collect \$1,184 for building the Hancock-street crematory.

Mrs. Arthur Cary, of Dallas, Tex., daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James H. Buckner, of this city, lost her oldest child by drowning and her husband by pneumonia within a few hours yesterday.

L. & N. stock reached 111 on the New York market this morning, and there were extraordinary transactions and sensational gains in nearly all of the leading stocks.

At almost every station passed by the train bearing President McKinley, crowds had gathered up last night and cheered as the special passed by. Large crowds were at the stations on the route to Memphis today, and the President was kept busy bowing his acknowledgments.

All the insurance on the cargo of the wrecked steamer Rio de Janeiro, amounting to \$300,000, has been paid.

The War Department will try to have the reorganized army equipped and enlisted to the strength of 75,000 by August 1.

President McKinley will be royally entertained during his stay in San Francisco, an elaborate program having just been completed.

The National Council of Mothers, will meet at Chicago.

### FOREIGN.

American has apologized for the arrest of a Cuban agent, "Tommy" Aguirre, and it is believed the Cuban will accept the apology.

### KENTUCKY.

Three men shot and mortally wounded a woman at Romney, McLean county, and killed himself.

Sam Boales, a prominent young man of Louisville, was wounded at Lexington, and thinking he had killed her mortally shot himself.

Two children of a farmer named Browner burned to death in Clay county, Tenn.

The large two-story brick hotel at Rawlins was destroyed by fire this morning.

Miss Lydia Thompson, of Frankfort, came near bleeding to death from a cut on the arm.

Eugene Montgomery, colored, who murdered his little child at Danville, was found guilty and given a death sentence. This is the second death penalty verdict during the present term of the Boyle Circuit Court.

In the Livingston Circuit Court Luther Heunon was awarded a judgment of \$15,000 against the Illinois Central railroad for the loss of an arm and his father given \$500 for loss of his son's services.

Unknown parties fired from the shore three miles above Vaucouver on the captain of the steamer Tacoma. He had a narrow escape.

James Price shot and killed his son-in-law, Chas. Downing, at Lexington, claiming self defense.

## EVENING POST A WINNER.

Announces the Derby Result Ten Minutes Ahead of All Other Papers.

The Evening Post, as usual, yesterday afternoon gave its local contemporaries another lesson in quick work.

The Kentucky Derby was run off at 4:38 p. m. At 5:01 the Evening Post was in the streets giving the result of the race with the placing of his Excellency, Sam, and Driscoll, and the time of the great event. Ten minutes later one of its esteemed contemporaries was examining and puffing down the race and the other possibly is still in the office.

The Evening Post beat them all ten minutes. It has accomplished this every year for seven years and will doubtless continue to do so for seven more. This paper is enabled to do this in having the most perfect equipment of any paper in the city and a having expert workmen in every department, men who strain every effort to make this paper first always and they do it.

### DEATHS.

EST April 27. Hersh Goss, aged 42, died at Oak Orchard, Ky. Saturday afternoon at Danville, at 5 o'clock.

# The Evening Post.

23<sup>rd</sup> YEAR.

"IF NEW AND TRUE, NOT OTHERWISE."

TWO CENTS.

NO. 154.

VOL. XLVI.

LOUISVILLE, TUESDAY, APRIL 30, 1901.

12 Pages Today.

FIRST EDITION

## FILLIES IN THE DEBUTANTE

Two-Year-Olds Will Furnish the Chief Event at Today's Races.

FIVE OTHER GOOD EVENTS.

Splendid Weather Promises to Bring Out a Good Crowd to See the Sport.

THE ENTRIES AND WEIGHTS.

The second day of the New Jockey Club's spring meeting is bright and auspicious, the track is in superb condition, and the gala appearance which the city wore for the classic event yesterday seems to be very little diminished today.

The corridors of the hotels and even the street corners are scenes of gatherings of wise ones, who are telling how they picked the Derby winner. If the reports heard on the streets are true, the Derby of yesterday seems to have proven satisfactory to a greater number of sports than is usually the case.

The event of today will be the Debutante Stakes. This is always a popular event with Louisville racegoers, and often proves the introduction of grand two-year-old maidens. There are nine entries in the field, and it promises to be a hotly-fought race at every post.

Five other good races will be provided. The entries are as follows:

First Race—Selling; three-quarters of a mile: Prosper La Gai 95, Only One 97, Watson Rebel 99, Eleven Bells 99, Edith Q. 100, Beauty Brook 104, Opera Girl 107, Sir Blaz 107, Little Rita 107, Suave 108.

Second Race—Maiden; two-year-old colts; four furlongs: Worthington 100, Lovejoy 102, Toubert 103, Audiphone 102, Treville 103, Hans Wagner 106, John Peters 107, Col. Anderson 105, Merry Maker 103, Dougherty 108.

Third Race—Selling; one mile: John McDuck 96, Secundus 92, Janowick 95, Polly Bixby 92, Redd 104, Post Boy, Anna Stretcher 110, Tom Middleton 111.

Fourth Race—The Debutante Stakes; two-year-old fillies; four furlongs: Mollie T. 110, Scortie 110, Ice Water 110, Lady Appleby 110, The Esmond 110, The Boston 115, Autumn Leaves 110, Sandhill 114, Kentucky Muddle 115.

Fifth Race—Three-year-olds; seven furlongs: Queen Quality 97, Birch Tree 98, Hans Diller 99, Dr. Preston 100, The Auditor 107, St. Marcos 107, The Pontian 107, Senator Beverly 107, Wild Lure 111.

Sixth Race—Selling; three-quarters of a mile: Lily Pantland 97, Lyrr Bell 99, Princess Orlie 100, Acushla 102, Clorita 105, Crinkle 107, Elsie Barnes 107, Dr. Riddle 109, Sim W. 111, Onomastus 114.

The Ex-Commissary at Manila Charged with Soliciting Bribes and Other Misconduct.

MANILA, April 30.—The trial of Capt. James C. Reed, ex-Depot Commissary at Manila, charged with soliciting and receiving bribes, and with other official misconduct, which began here yesterday, was continued today and was fiercely contested. Thomas Harries, a bookkeeper of the firm of Robinson & Macandray, testified that Mr. Robinson paid Capt. Reed \$381. The firm's books contained entries to that effect.

Fred Macandray testified that he arranged to give Capt. Reed 10 per cent. commission on the sales of vegetables furnished to transports.

Before testifying Barry Baldwin, formerly United States Marshal for California, and now manager of the Macandray Company, shipping merchants, made a statement to the court. He said that attempts had been made to intimidate him, and he asked for the protection of the court. He had an affidavit prepared which he offered to the court, but the latter declined to receive it, and returned it to Mr. Baldwin unread.

Mr. Baldwin testified to having a \$10,000 beef contract. Capt. Reed came to his office and claimed there were slight shortages in the beef deliveries on account of which Mr. Baldwin gave Capt. Reed \$345.

Adj. Gen. Garlington testified that Capt. Reed said Major Davis was owed \$1500 pounds of beef. He admitted receiving money from Mr. Baldwin, but said the sum he received would be applied to the beef shortage.

SHE BROKE DOWN.

NEW YORK, April 30.—The American line steamer New York, which sailed from Southampton on April 21, reached her pier here today, after a very slow passage. On Monday, April 22, at 7:30 a. m., when only thirty-eight hours out from Cherbourg, the port propeller failed and the ship was carried away. The steamer proceeded under her starboard engine at the rate of about fourteen knots an hour. There was no excitement among the passengers when the accident occurred, many of them not even being aware of the loss of the propeller until informed of it by the ship's officers. During the whole voyage moderate weather was experienced. The New York brought eighty-five passengers. Among the saloon passengers were Count Stanislaus Chelodzin, who brings the end hit to Cardinal Martinelli.

## THE KENTUCKY DERBY WINNER.



HIS EMINENCE.

Bay Colt, Falsetto—Patroness, Owned by F. Van Meter.

## WOUNDED HIS WIFE AND KILLED HIMSELF

Dave Burton's Wife Left Him, and When She Refused to Return to Him He Made Good His Threat to End His Own and Her Life.

DAVE BURTON, of Owensboro, Ky., April 30.—Dave Burton, of this city, shot and fatally wounded his wife at Romney, McLean county, Monday evening at 6 o'clock, and then turned his weapon on himself, shooting himself through the heart. He died in a few minutes. His wife is still alive, but there is little hope for her recovery.

The story leading up to the murder commenced with their marriage three months ago. Burton was born and reared in Butler county, but moved with his father, Ad Burton, to Livermore, where he was a boy. For the last three or four years he has been about Calhoun and Romney for a good part of the time, and in January was married to Miss Mary Story, the daughter of a widow, who lives at the edge of Romney, and just across the river from Calhoun. Shortly after their marriage they removed to Owensboro. He was a drinking man, and with his drunkenness came neglect and cruelty. Last Friday while Burton was away from home he returned to Romney, leaving word for him that she would never live with him again. He followed her to her mother's, but she would not see him. Again Sunday night he wanted to see her, and again she refused. He then said that he did not care, and was coming back to Owensboro. Monday afternoon Mrs. Burton and her sister, Miss Alice Story, walked down to Green river to see the high water. Upon their return near Gate's Woolen Mill, they saw Burton. He pleaded with him all the way to live with him again.

She would not give him an answer. Miss Story, her sister, went into the house. The body was sent to Livermore last night and was buried today. It has been established that Burton went to Romney with the deliberate purpose of killing his wife if she refused to live with him. When he went to Livermore he told his brother-in-law, Neider English, that he intended to kill her or bring her back with him. English thought he was only talking idly, as his habit was, but his subsequent act showed that he was in earnest.

The tragedy created a great deal of excitement in Romney and Calhoun on account of its bloody nature.

## L. & N. STOCK AT A NEW HIGH RECORD.

It Boomed Up to 111 on the New York Exchange This Morning—Extraordinary Transactions and Sensational Gains in Many Stocks.

L. & N. stock reached a new high record this morning on the New York stock exchange. The stock opened at 109, and quickly boomed up to 111. The fluctuations later were from that figure to 109, which was the quotation at 10:30.

NEW YORK, April 30.—Extraordinary transactions were recorded in the opening dealing in stocks and sensational gains were shown all through the list. First sales numbered 30,000 for Union Pacific, 25,000 each for United States Steel common and preferred, 10,000 for Southern Pacific and from 1,000 to 5,000 shares for many other stocks among the trunk lines, Grangers, Pacific, Southwestern and Southern Railroad groups. The opening quotations of Union Pacific were 110 1/2 to 110, compared with 118 1/2 last night. Northern Pacific broke badly on the sale of 100,000 shares, which carried it down to 117 and 115, compared with 119 1/2 last night. United States Steel preferred spreading from 100 to 101, compared with 99 last night, and the common

old at 55 to 54, compared with 55 1/2 last night. In the last named stock there were subsequent purchases of a long string of blocks of from 1,000 to 6,000 shares which carried the price up to 57. The preferred meanwhile broke to 56 1/2, from the opening high level. Union Pacific also fell back to 118.

There were gains of from 1 to 2 points scattered all through the list of leading railroad stocks and prominent specialties. Archison was run up to 74 on enormous dealings. The fluctuations became rather wild after the opening on the enormous volume of transactions, heavy selling to realize meeting the advance.

Prices on a number of cases made additional substantial gains in the few minutes following the opening bulge, but the exceptional extent of the rise induced enormous realization, and stocks dipped temporarily from 1 to 2 points, with St. Paul, Rock Island, B. & O., Louisville, Nashville, Annapolis and United States Steel, among others. There were frequent irregular rallies and fluctuations were widely variable. At 11 o'clock, with prices averaging below the best

Northern Pacific boomed up to 117 1/2, and Texas & Pacific was forced up to 50.

The market became considerably quieter during the second hour. The general tendency was toward lower prices, owing to the working off of some of the accumulated buying orders. Union Pacific fell back to 117, Northern Pacific to above the lowest, and St. Paul to 112. The A. & N. W. broke in face of the heavy literary tendency, the common rising 1/2 and the preferred 1/4. There were advances of 1/2 in Great Northern preferred, 3/4 in International Power and 4/8 in 11 o'clock. There was some handling of bonds elsewhere in sympathy. Bonds were active and strong.

## DISMISSED THE DISPATCH CASES.

Indicted Editors and Publishers Filed Statement Relieving Judge Buckley and Grand Jurors.

The indictments against Allen R. Carter, Chas. I. Stewart and W. M. Finley, of the late Dispatch, were dismissed in the Criminal Court today on motion of the Commonwealth. Before the case were called yesterday the attorneys for the defendant, and suggested that the matter be adjourned without a trial. The motion to dismiss was made upon filing the following statement in the Buckley case:

"The undersigned, charged with relieving Judge R. M. Buckley in a publication in the Louisville Dispatch, desire to state that said publication was based on the information given to reporters to the effect that the vote in the Alvey license case was unanimous; that it has since been learned that the said Buckley at first voted against the license, and afterwards changed his vote that the record might show, in accordance with the custom of the board, a unanimous vote. It was not the purpose of the article complained of to charge the said Buckley with personal corruption."

"ALLEN R. CARTER, CHAS. I. STEWART, W. M. FINLEY."

A statement was also filed setting forth the fact that the statement complained of by members of the grand jury was published by mistake through a misunderstanding of instructions.

## TWO SUITS TO CONDEMN.

The Suburban Railway Company Files Them Against Anchorage Residents.

The Louisville Anchorage & Pewee Valley Railway Company today filed two additional suits in the County Court to condemn property for a right of way. The owners of the property and the amounts sought to be condemned are:

Connelia S. Simrall, John G. Simrall and G. A. Armstrong, Sr., 35 acres; Edna D. Cox, Mrs. C. H. Stamback and M. D. Stamback, 147 acres. Both pieces of property lie near Anchorage.

## NEW STORE PROBABLE

Byck Bros. Looking for a Site to Locate on in Louisville.

There is an excellent chance for the location here of a big retail establishment, if suitable quarters can be secured. For a week the heads of the firm of Byck Bros., a big concern, have been here trying to find the right kind of a site for a mammoth shoe establishment. Thus far they have been unsuccessful, but they still hope to secure adequate quarters on Fourth avenue.

Byck Bros. own big stores in Atlanta

## DEATH PENALTY FOR INFANTICIDE.

Eugene Montgomery, Who Killed His Little Child at Danville for Insurance Money, Sentenced to Be Hanged.

SECOND DEATH VERDICT THIS TERM OF COURT.

Evening Post Special Service

DANVILLE, Ky., April 30.—For the second time this term of court a jury of Boyle county citizens returned a verdict inflicting the death penalty, and Danville will have a double hanging.

The jury in the Eugene Montgomery case, after being out five and one-half hours, returned the following verdict: "We, the jury, find the defendant guilty, and fix his punishment at death."

"S. D. VANPELT, Foreman."

Such a thing as two verdicts of death at one term of court is unprecedented in the history of Boyle county.

Montgomery showed no emotion when the verdict was rendered. The general opinion is that the verdict was just. The effect on the lawless element will be good.

"One man on the jury held out for life imprisonment, hence the delay in finding a verdict. An appeal may be taken."

The evidence against the negro is entirely circumstantial, but strong. The testimony showed that the negro had treated his child badly, bearing her severely several times, and once kicked

her across the room.

On the way the child died she was lying in the yard, well and strong. Montgomery called her in the house, and in a little while ran out, and then called the child was dying. When the neighbors came the child was on the bed with a head toward the footboard, covered entirely with three corners, and it was a warm day, and was dead.

The negro was in the father's place to notify them, they came back to the house, got out the insurance money, and went to see the agent. The day after the death the insurance company called on the agent, and he told them that the child died from a blow on the head, and immediately the money was paid.

Montgomery hurt his wife's feelings on a cross-examination. When he was on the stand he cried, but in a little while was laughing.

The case was given to the jury at 10 o'clock yesterday afternoon. A verdict in the evening they did not return a verdict, and were sent to supper, where of the Sheriff, with instruction to stand after supper and consider the case.

## PASSED A \$100 CONFEDERATE BILL.

Ticket Seller at Churchill Downs Didn't Know the War Was Over—Handed \$99 Change to a Man with Nerve.

A well-dressed but sporty-looking individual yesterday succeeded in passing a \$100 Confederate bill on a ticket seller at Churchill Downs yesterday.

The man appeared in the line of ticket buyers just at a time when the ticket sellers were busiest in trying to handle the big crowd. When he appeared at the window he said, "One, please," and threw down the bill. His change was quickly counted, and he disappeared in the crowd. The detectives have a description of the

man, but it is not probable that he will be captured from among the crowd of thousands in the city. In a few days the bill will be in the hands of the government, and the work was done very cleverly. The amount of the bill is \$100, and the two bills together are almost three times as much as an ordinary bill. The man worked very well, as he appeared when the ticket seller was in the greatest hurry. It was a 100 to 1 shot that the ticket would not go through, but the ticket took the change and went.

The association will have to stand the loss.

## LOST CHILD AND HUSBAND.

DOUBLE BEREAVEMENT FALLS ON MRS. ARTHUR CARY, FOR MERLY OF LOUISVILLE.

WAS MISS PEARL BUCKNER.

News of a terribly distressing character has reached the family of Mr. James T. Buckner, President of the Buckner To- day Warehouse Company.

Five years ago Miss Pearl Buckner, the oldest daughter, married Mr. Arthur Cary, a prominent business man of Dallas, Tex. Yesterday afternoon the first-born of Mr. and Mrs. Cary, Master Joseph Milton Cary, a bright little fellow, one year old, was suddenly drowned. Five hours later, at 9 o'clock last night, Mr. Cary himself died unexpectedly of pneumonia, after a short illness. The young widow is completely prostrated by the double affliction that has come upon her so suddenly, and with such crushing force.

As yet no details of the two deaths have reached the Buckner family. A telegram, which came this morning, simply stated the facts, without giving particulars. Mrs. Buckner left on the first train to be with her stricken daughter.

The Buckners live at 2219 Dixie avenue, and are among the most popular people in Highland. Mrs. Cary was married nine years ago, while her father lived at Ballou, but she has frequently visited in Louisville, and made many friends by her beauty and gracious manners. She had been prominent in Dallas society ever since she became the wife of the young Texan.

Her husband left a considerable estate.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

PLUMBER—Only first class need apply. Apply Simon Shubert, 10 W. Wall, 10th St.

TAILOR—To work on custom made. Apply at 100 Brook St., 10th St.

SUMMERS—Both white and colored. Apply at Harry W. Hager Tobacco Co., 101 Third St.

WANTED—Experienced ender of coats. Apply at 100 Brook St.

WANTED—A few more coats. Apply at 100 Brook St.

SUTTON—To work on custom made. Apply at 100 Brook St.

GIRL—Good white. Apply at 100 Brook St.

WANTED—A few more coats. Apply at 100 Brook St.

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## SENSATION AT HOPKINSVILLE.

Prominent Young Man Shoots a Woman with Whom He is Infatuated and Mortally Wounds Himself.

Evening Post Special Service

HOPKINSVILLE, Ky., April 30.—A sensational affair was reported this morning and is the one topic here today.

Sam Boales, aged twenty, fired twice last night at Jesse Northington, in a brothel. She fell, and he, thinking her killed, shot himself twice in the forehead. The wounds will likely prove mortal.

Boales is a handsome and popular youth, and the son of William Boales, a highly respected business man. He had been madly infatuated for months with the young woman. Jealousy is the supposed cause of the shooting.

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## SHAEFFER'S CASE PASSED.

Examining Trial of William Leavelle's Murderer Set for May 11.

The two cases of malicious shooting against Buck Shaeffer, of New Albany, and the case charging him with murder, were all called in the Police Court this morning and all were continued to May 11.

Shaeffer shot William Leavelle in the Saphro saloon on Easter Sunday night, and Leavelle afterward died as the result of his wounds. Shaeffer also shot William Leavelle, Sr., wounding him slightly.







## PUCHASERS AT THE SCHMIEDEKNECHT BANKRUPT FURNITURE AUCTION

Who have not called for their goods will please call for them at once, otherwise they

**WILL BE RESOLD.**

443 WEST MAIN STREET, NEAR FIFTH.

## REORGANIZING STANDING ARMY.

BELIEVED STRENGTH OF 75,000  
WILL BE ENLISTED BY  
AUGUST 1.

BIG TASK BEFORE DEPARTMENT.

More Apprehension Felt Over Securing 8,000 Line Officers Than Anything Else.

NATIVE REGIMENTS RETAINED.

NEW YORK, April 29.—A special to the Tribune from Washington says:

At the War Department it is said that efforts are being made to have the reorganized standing army fully officered and equipped and enlisted to the strength of 75,000 by August 1. More apprehension is felt over getting the full quota of competent line officers by the date mentioned than over the recruiting of the fifteen new regiments. Except for this, it is probable Secretary Root and Adj. Gen. Corbin will have accompanied the President on his Western trip. It is true that nearly all of the 8,000 or more line officers of the grades of First and Second Lieutenants created by the new law have been designated by the President, but every one of these appointments must undergo a rigid mental and physical examination before commissions in the regular army are issued to them.

On the law of averages it is estimated by experienced army officers that fully one-third, and perhaps half, of those originally designated by the President for appointment will fail, either on mental or physical examination. In order to meet this emergency lists of alternates by States are being prepared by the Secretary of War and the Adjutant General, to whom the President has turned this task over. The alternates are being selected from the long list of applications now on file in the War Department, with reference, of course, to the wishes of Senators and other influential men in the several States.

In order to expedite the work of disposing of the hundreds of applicants already selected by the President, Secretary Root and Gen. Corbin will appoint a dozen or more boards of examiners to sit in various parts of the country, where the convenience of the appointees will be best served. Whenever an appointee fails to pass the examination the name of the first alternate from his State will be certified to the board for examination, and this process will be continued until the full quota of subalterns created by the new law is completed. It is not thought that the examinations will be in full swing for six weeks, and on this expectation that not before August 1 will all the new officers be selected. This will not interfere with the organization of the regiments or the sending of troops to the Philippines to take the place of the returning volunteers. This work will keep pace with recruiting, as by detailing line officers from the old to the new regiments for temporary duty the proper quota of officers in the field can be kept up.

Announcement also is made at the War Department of the final decision reached a few days ago to retain in the service the two battalions of reserve Puerto Rican troops that are offered by Americans. Authority to do this is granted by the army law, although it was not thought until recently that advantage would be taken of this provision. It is understood that with exceptions the officers now commanding the Puerto Rican battalions will be re-commissioned. The formation of native Philippine regiments, provided for by the new law, and to be officered by Americans, with commissions running four years, is also being considered by the War Department, but it is likely that this matter will be held in abeyance for a year or more, or until the Philippines become completely reconciled to American authority. This decision will cause disappointment to scores of the officers of the volunteer regiments who remained behind in the Philippines when their regiments were brought home, in the hope that they would immediately get positions in the provincial organization.

Still, if the force of 40,000, which it is intended to keep in the Philippines, proves adequate to cope with the situation there, the provisional regiments may be organized at an early date. That now seems probable.

## NEWS OF THE SECRET SOCIETIES.

The most beautiful lapel button in Louisville decorates the coat of Sir Robert Emmet Hughes, of the order of Macabres. The disc is lettered I. O. R. M. in red enamel, the center being surrounded by a solid gold border in the shape of a laurel wreath. The button was presented Mr. Hughes in recognition of the excellent services he rendered during the recent meeting of the Grand Lodge of the order in this city.

The Executive Committee of Camp George B. Easton changed the Decoration Day from June 1 to June 2, the latter being the birthday of Jefferson Davis, and appointed Col. I. B. Hoxie, Capt. J. H. L. Ashcraft, Capt. A. M. Sea, Jr.

## TEXAS PEOPLE CRAZY OVER OIL.

Strikes in Beaumont Region Cause  
of Wild Speculation in Securities.

MOST OF STOCKS VALUELESS. OTHERS ARE LIKELY TO FAIL.

A special dispatch from Dallas, Tex., to the Chicago Tribune says:

See Beaumont, and you will find the people in the crowd talk "oil" and the people seem mad.

The organization of oil companies is too numerous to mention. The transactions in the stocks of these companies are simply tremendous. A collapse of at least 90 per cent. of these organizations before the end of the current year would not be an extravagant or improbable prediction. The following statement by a man on the scene of action explains the situation in part.

"You never saw such a crazy lot of people. They are buying stocks in all sorts of wild-cat schemes. They are not interested in anything but oil. It is difficult to get a place to eat, and still more so to get a place to sleep. But this doesn't appear to worry the speculators, as they are so crazy as to almost forget about eating or sleeping or drinking. The oil deposit in this district is undoubtedly inexhaustible in supply, but I do not see how this wild speculation can continue long.

"From what I can learn, most of the stocks that are being sold over the State in oil companies located here are absolutely worthless, there being no intention that the buyers shall ever get a cent back. And, strange as it may seem, this appears to be generally understood among the oil field people and promoters, notwithstanding many of them are among the leading men of the State and in good standing in the churches."

**Wells Known and Unknown.**

How many wells, or "gushers" have been struck in the Beaumont region no one can tell. Up to date ten have been announced and are known. But the unannounced from the unknown quantity. Many wells undoubtedly are kept unannounced in order that their owners may be able to lease and join lands at lower figures than could be done were it known for a certainty that oil had been struck in the wells near.

These statements represent one side of the situation. The other is supposed to be represented by the Standard Oil Company's interests. There is a strong suspicion, not only at Beaumont, but all over the State, that the great oil monopoly has been pursuing a quiet campaign, or still hunt, in the Beaumont fields, and that its trusted agents have developed wells containing oil, while giving to the outside public the information that only "distillers" had been found in wells that have apparently been abandoned, but which in reality have only been plugged up until such time as it may suit the business interests of their real owners, to let them flow freely.

How many known oil fields are there in Texas, and which is the richest? Well, if one were guided in his judgment by the prospecting for oil and the organization of local development companies the whole State would have to be classed as one vast oil range. Only three well-defined fields, however, have thus far been brought into what could be termed active operation.

Beaumont is, of course, by far the largest and richest district yet developed. Ninety-five per cent. of all oil operations are at present confined to what is technically known as the Beaumont district. Spr Lake, twenty miles northwest of Beaumont, is really an annex of the Beaumont district, but is known to be extremely rich in oil. Corsicana, the oldest developed oil field in the State, comes next in point of material interest.

Grimes county, 150 miles northwest of Beaumont, is third in point of interest just now. Rich wells have been struck recently at Lamb Springs, and the few feverish days have been so violent at Beaumont, it is beginning to develop strongly in the new district.

Ten Per Cent. of Organized Companies Said to Be in Solvent Condition.

MOST OF STOCKS VALUELESS. OTHERS ARE LIKELY TO FAIL.

Other districts coming into view are near Dallas, Waco, Brownwood, Nacogdoches, St. Joe, and Bonham. Much attention is being paid to the entire tier of counties skirting the Gulf of Mexico, particularly from Corpus Christi to the Louisiana State line.

Some Concerns Are Solvent.

It should not be understood that the criticisms here indulged in concerning Beaumont oil companies as to their solvency applies to all. Judgment of that kind would be unjust. Up to tonight a total of 153 oil companies are registered as chartered by the State of Texas with approximately \$60,000,000 capitalization. Some of these are solvent, and purchasers of their certificates of stock have undoubtedly made safe investments. The purchasers have to exercise patience, however, as regards their realization of profits. The development of the Beaumont oil industry into a systematic business will require energy and the expenditure of large amounts of capital. When the collapsing period comes and the weak and insolvent concerns have been placed on the list of bankruptcies, there will be perhaps as many as 10 per cent. of the original companies in existence. The concerns that will be swallowed in the maelstrom will be those founded upon confidence operations, imperfect leases and weak capitalization.

Fortunes have been made at Beaumont. Most of them have been made from the sales of land; some by the lucky striking of oil wells by men who have worked patiently in the field for years.

Perhaps the most conspicuous case is that of Patillo Higgins, who for nearly ten years prospected with adverse luck in the Beaumont district. He started the original "gusher" in the early nineties. Financial reverses overtook him and he was sold out, but at last he struck it. The well has made its owner a millionaire. Among the most substantial oil companies started in the Beaumont district is one named in honor of Patillo Higgins, capitalized at \$2,500,000, and the man who sunk the well is one of the company's incorporators.

Chicago Man in Luck.

Many persons from Chicago have visited Beaumont. Some have made investments in land, others in oil stocks, and perhaps some are boring wells. But if so, they have, with one exception, not become "conspicuous." The exception is Dewey Heywood. Eight days ago Mr. Heywood was a poor man. Today no one considers him worth less than \$2,000,000 in oil property. The Heywood well came in eight days ago and made its owner a millionaire. Since then he and his assistants have purchased other oil property, and he is a member of the Beaumont district.

Leon and Jules Viterbo owned a rice farm four miles from the Lucas "gusher." One year ago the land would have been considered high at \$5 an acre for the block of 1,000 acres. On Tuesday last the farm was sold to a Michigan syndicate for \$400,000 in money and a large royalty in any oil that may be produced.

C. D. Pallen, of New York, who has had large experience in Northern oil fields, has been one of the most active personages in the Beaumont district. He is credited with having made a million or more profits by his operations.

GETS A GOOD PROMOTION.

CHICAGO, April 30.—Mr. Chas. M. Baker, for many years General Superintendent of Construction of the Postal Telegraph Cable Company, will today succeed Mr. J. Nally as Assistant General Superintendent of Telegraph. Mr. Nally was recently appointed General Superintendent.

## Test for Yourself the Wonderful Curative Properties of Swamp-Root

To Prove What the World Famous Discovery, SWAMP-ROOT, Will Do for YOU, Every Reader of the Evening Post May Have a Sample Bottle Free.



To the Readers of the Evening Post:

Five some time I suffered from a serious kidney trouble, and also gravel (catarrh), which I believe was the result of carrying heavy loads and continued exposure. I had an almost continual pain in my back, was weak and run down generally. I fully realized that kidney disease was not only a remarkably prevalent, but was also one of the greatest dangers of my own employment, as a large percentage of the deaths among better carriers is due to some form of kidney trouble. After using other remedies without satisfaction, I decided to try Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, which is prepared in my own city and recommended by so many distinguished people. At once I started a course of treatment, and in a reasonable time a complete cure was accomplished. It has been some time since I have had to use any of the remedy, and I have no fear of a recurrence of the trouble. Two of my fellow-carriers (E. J. Casey and S. C. Sweeney) have also used Swamp-Root for about the same difficulty as mine, and with exactly the same results, and they gladly join me in recommending the remedy to anyone who suffers from kidney, liver or bladder disorders. Very truly yours,

E. J. CASEY. I well endorse the above statement.

S. C. SWEENEY. BINGHAMTON, N. Y., Jan. 7, 1901.

C. E. Stebbins has been in the employ of the Binghamton postoffice for fifteen years, and speaks volumes of their integrity, honesty and efficient work.

(J. H. ROBERTS, P. M.)

EDITORIAL NOTICE.—The wonderful remedy, Swamp-Root, is so remarkably successful that a special arrangement has been made by which all of our readers who have not already tried it may have a sample bottle of Swamp-Root sent absolutely free by mail. Also a valuable book telling all about kidney and bladder troubles and containing many of the thousands upon thousands of testimonial letters received from men and women cured by Swamp-Root. In writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., be sure and say that you read this generous offer in the Louisville Evening Post.

Swamp-Root is pleasant to take and is used in the best hospitals, recommended by physicians in their private practice, and is taken by doctors themselves who have kidney ailments, because they recognize it as the greatest and most successful remedy for kidney, liver and bladder troubles.

If you are already convinced that it is the best remedy, Swamp-Root is what you need, you can purchase the regular 50-cent and 25-cent bottles at the drug stores everywhere.

Education in Our Public Schools. "Mothers' Clubs as a Factor in the Elimination of the Slums," "Vacation Schools," and "The Teaching of Defective Children."

Mrs. J. P. Oley will speak on "Child Labor in the South," and Prof. Sherman Davis on "The Trend of the Times," while Elizabeth Harrison will treat of "Three Giants Every Mother Must Meet."

HURRIED TO ROME.

Mgr. Barret May Be Appointed as Rector of the American College at Rome.

NEW YORK, April 30.—The Tribune says:

Mgr. John L. Barret, private secretary to Bishop McDonnell, of the Roman Catholic diocese of Brooklyn and Long Island, recently sailed hurriedly for Rome. It was said yesterday that he had been summoned by the Pope, who is considering appointing him as rector of the American College at Rome to succeed Mgr. William A. O'Connell, who recently was under the Bishop of Portland, Me. Bishop McDonnell refused to say anything about the rumor last night.

IMPROVED BUT STILL CRITICAL.

Some Hope for the Recovery of Young Society Leader Widener, Injured at Pittsburgh.

PHILADELPHIA, April 29.—Joseph E. Widener, who was dangerously injured Saturday while riding in a trolley coach, is reported by physicians to be much improved. While his condition still may be regarded as critical, the chances for his recovery are good.

The physicians held a consultation and made a complete examination of Mr. Widener's injuries. It was learned that the patient is suffering from a severe concussion of the head which has affected his entire system.

It is thought that there might be a slight fracture of a small tissue in the outer plate at the base of the skull. Should this condition exist, meningitis may result, which would render Mr. Widener's chances of recovery less favorable than at present.

CASITORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

WILL BE MOVED.

Big Steel Companies Will Probably Take Their Offices Away from New York City.

NEW YORK, April 30.—It is learned that the National Steel Company will soon remove its offices in this city to Youngstown, Ohio, where its most important plant is situated. It has been here for twenty years. It is reported that the allied companies, the American Sheet & Pipe Company, the American Steel & Wire Company and the American Tin Plate Company, would move their main offices from this city, by order of the parent company, the United States Steel Corporation. The last named wishes to maintain offices of the subsidiary companies to be near their principal mills. F. S. Wheeler, who is Treasurer of all the subsidiary companies, would not talk last night about their possible removal.

THE NATIONAL ORGANIZATION WILL MEET IN COLUMBUS, O., MAY 21 TO 24.

PHILADELPHIA, April 30.—The National Congress of Mothers will meet in Columbus, O., May 21 to 24. The congress will be opened Tuesday evening, May 21, with addresses by the Mayor of Columbus, the Presidents of the city and State federations, and the President of the Board of Trade. Mrs. T. W. Birney, president of the congress, will respond, and give an address on "The Duty of an Individual to the Child."

Col. F. W. Parker, of Chicago, will respond for the Advisory Council of the congress. On May 22 and 23 there will be many addresses. There will also be a number of conferences between parents and teachers on such topics as "Moral

CONVEYANCE WITH RIGHT OF REDEMPTION.—In effect a Mortgage Sale by Grantee. Recovery of Excess of Purchase Price. (To be reported.) Filed April 28, 1901. Appeal from Barren Circuit Court. Opinion of the court by Judge White reversing judgment.

First.—A conveyance of lands with the right of redemption upon the payment to the grantee of a stipulated sum, the principal of which had been borrowed from her, was in effect a mortgage to secure the loan, and without objection to the security of the debt, it being obligatory on the grantee to reconvey upon the payment of the loan with interest, likewise the proceeds of the sale of the lands were a trust fund and could be appropriated by her on to the extent of her claim, and she was liable to her grantor for the excess of the purchase price over and above the debt with interest.

Second.—The fact that the debtor had assigned his right of redemption to a third person did not prejudice his right of recovery against the grantee of the excess of purchase price over the stipulated redemption sum.

George T. Duff for appellant, V. H. Baird for appellee.

QUESTION OF FACT.—Assignment of Claim. Testimony as to Transaction with Deceased Person. (To be reported.) Filed April 28, 1901. Appeal from Hickman Circuit Court. Opinion of the court by Judge Durelle affirming judgment.

First.—In an action in which the question at issue is whether or not a claim sought to be recovered by the plaintiff had been assigned by her by instrument of writing signed with her name, her testimony as to whether she signed the assignment or not was not competent after the death of the alleged assignee.

Second.—The proof in this case is sufficient to sustain the finding of the Chancellor to the effect that there was no assignment of the claim and that the plaintiff was entitled to recover against the administrator of the deceased, who had claimed it under the alleged as-

signment, and who had assigned it to another, to whom payment had been made.

G. L. Husham and J. W. Ray for appellants, E. T. Bullock for appellee.

TITLE TO LANDS.—Specific Performance of Contract to Purchase Land. (To be reported.) Filed April 28, 1901. Appeal from Jefferson Circuit Court. Law and Equity division. Opinion of the court by Judge Guffy affirming judgment.

Under the provisions of the code of a will wherein the testatrix "revokes so much thereof as places the estate devised to her daughter in trust, and directs that the same shall go directly to her, free from any trust as her sole and separate estate," the daughter takes a fee simple title to the lands bequeathed and may make title to same, hence she is entitled to maintain an action for the specific performance of a contract of purchase against one who had agreed to purchase it at a stipulated price, but had refused to comply with the contract on the ground of uncertainty of title.

Samuel A. Lederman and John R. Bald & Son for appellants, Gibson, Marshall & Gibson for appellees.

BLACK JACK WAS NEAR TO LIBERTY.

His Release Was Planned, and Only Bravery of Officers Prevented the Escape Last Week.

DENVER, April 30.—A special to the Republic from Santa Fe, N. M., says: It developed at the hearing of Wm. L. Wilson, charged with furnishing Convict George Stevenson with the revolver used by him in the recent attempted delivery at the penitentiary, that the plan was to secure the release of Tom Keichum, who was executed last Friday, and "Broncho Bill" Carver, a member of his gang.

Wilson confessed his guilt, and said Carver's sister offered him \$500 to smuggle the pistol into the prison. The plans were so carefully laid that but for the bravery and good marksmanship of the prison officials, "Black Jack" and a score of other desperate characters would have regained their liberty. Wilson was held under \$2,000 bail.

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## LION COFFEE

A LUXURY WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL!

MAKE no mistake!  
See that my head  
is on every package of  
**LION COFFEE**  
you buy. It guarantees  
its purity. No coffee is  
**LION COFFEE**

unless it is in a 1 pound  
sealed packet with the  
head of a lion on the  
front. Then you get  
pure coffee—the highest  
grade for the money.



Watch our next advertisement.

Why has  
**LION COFFEE**

now become the leader  
of all package coffees?  
And why is it used in  
millions of homes?

Because it does not  
sail under false colors.  
It is an absolutely clean,  
pure coffee. No glazing,  
no coating with egg  
mixtures or chemicals  
in order to hide imperfections.

Just try a package of  
**LION COFFEE**  
and you will understand  
the reason of its  
popularity.

In every package of **LION COFFEE** you will find a fully illustrated and descriptive list. No housekeeper, in fact, no woman, man, boy or girl will fail to find in the list some article which will contribute to their happiness, comfort and convenience, and which they may have by simply cutting out a certain number of Lion Heads from the wrappers of our one pound sealed packages (which is the only form in which this excellent coffee is sold).

WOOLSON SPICE CO., TOLEDO, OHIO.

## PARACAMPH FOR BURNS.

Will give absolute relief in five to ten minutes or money refunded.

25c COMFORTS ALL HURTS. 50c



# Evening Post's (DAILY STORIES, HOME TOPICS, ODDS and ENDS.) Home Magazine.

## World's Famous Poems.

MORTIMER COLLINS—1827-1876.

Editor of the Dublin University Magazine, in which the poem, "The Two Worlds," first appeared. He was a ready writer, publishing three volumes of poetry.

### THE TWO WORLDS.

Two worlds there are. To one our eyes we strain,  
Whose magic joys we shall not see again;  
Bright haze of morning veils its glimmering shore,  
Ah, truly breathed we there  
Intoxicating air  
Glad were our hearts in that sweet realm of  
Erewhon.

The lover there drank her delicious breath  
Whose love has yielded since to change or death;  
The mother blessed her child, whose days are over,  
Alas! too soon have fled  
The irreclaimable dead;  
We see them—visions strange—amid the  
Erewhon.

The merry maidens used to sing—  
The brown, brown hair that once was wont to cling  
To temples long ago—lost to the very core  
They strike our weary hearts,  
As some vexed memory starts  
From that long faded land—the realm of  
Erewhon.

It is perpetual summer there, But here  
Sadly may we remember rivers clear,  
And harvests quivering on the meadow-floor,  
For brighter bells and hues,  
For tender hearts and truer  
People that happy land—the realm of  
Erewhon.

Upon the frontier of this shadowy land  
We pilgrims of eternal sorrow stand;  
What realm lies forward, with its happier store  
Of forests green and deep,  
Of valleys hushed in sleep,  
And lakes most peaceful? 'Tis the land of  
Erewhon.

Very far off its marble cities seem—  
Very far off beyond our sensual dream—  
Its woods, unmuffled by the wild wind's roar;  
Yet does the turbulent surge  
Howl on its very verge  
One moment—and we breathe within the  
Erewhon.

They whom we loved and lost so long ago  
Dwell in those cities, far from mortal woe—  
Happier than these woodlands, whence sweet carolings soar  
Eternal peace have they  
God wipes their tears away;  
They drink that river of life which flows from  
Erewhon.

Thither we hasten through these regions dim,  
But lo, the wide wings of the Seraphim  
Shine in the sun—'Tis that joyous shore  
Our lightened hearts shall know  
The life of long ago  
The sorrow-burdened past shall fade for  
Erewhon.

## In Woman's Realm.

### A DAILY THOUGHT.

"Then give to the word the best you have  
And the best will come back to you."

### OUR LIVES.

Our lives are songs, God writes the words  
And we set them to music with pleasure;  
And the song grows glad, or sweet, or sad,  
As we choose to fashion the measure.

We must write the music, whatever the words  
Whatever its rhyme or metre;  
And if it is sad, we can make it glad,  
Or if sweet, we can make it sweeter.

One has a song that is free and strong,  
But the music he writes is minor;  
And the sad, sad strain is replete with pain,  
And the singer becomes a repiner.

And he thinks God gave him a dirge-like lay,  
Nor knows that the words are cheery;  
And the song seems lonely and solemn—only  
Because the music is dreary.

And the song of another has through the words  
An undercurrent of sadness;  
But he sets to it music of ringing chorals,  
And makes it a psalm of gladness.

By whether our songs are sad or not,  
We can give the words more pleasure,  
And better ourselves by setting the words  
To a glad, triumphant measure.

### A DUCHESS' ODD WARDROBE.

Auction sales bring to light queer things.  
The sale in London some years ago  
Of the effects of a duchess, then recently  
Deceased, showed that distinguished  
Lady to have been a person much  
Conscientious in the matter of her wardrobe.

Among 1,600 lots offered for sale were,  
If reports published at the time were accurate,  
500 lace and other handkerchiefs,  
200 pairs of gloves, 200 Indian and other  
shawls, 60 pairs of silk stockings and  
dresses of all sorts and descriptions of  
forty years' fashion.

This was all the more strange for the  
reason that the owner of these things had  
for thirty years before her death led the  
life of a recluse, shutting herself up in  
her house, and yet ordering regularly  
from her milliner at each change of season  
the dresses she would have worn if  
she had been mixing in society.

Every three months she was dressed in  
court costume, as if going to a reception,  
and would walk in it up and down  
her own rooms, much as the widow of  
Maximilian of Mexico would celebrate  
the anniversaries of her murdered husband's  
drawing room dress by arraying  
herself in her best, and preparing for the  
country who would never more come to  
pay him reverence.

### DAINTY SPRING GOWN.

A delicate spring gown in plain gray  
material has the skirt made in a peculiar  
fashion. Around the hips to the  
depth of about twelve inches it is smooth  
fitting. To this deep fitted skirt is annexed  
a full flounce that reaches about to the

bed, and the majority of women are glad  
of the chance to play without a look  
of rules in their hips and the fear of a  
partner's accusing frown being their  
eyes, says Harper's Bazar.

The editor of this present-day de-  
parture into lighter games is proved in the  
demands reported by the department  
stores for odd tables, prizes, etc. One  
manager is reported as having gotten in  
two dozen cushioned tables in one lot, to  
supply the craze for them by women  
customers. Card party prizes, being  
mostly fancy articles, are bought also at  
these stores, and form a tremendous item  
in the ordering of stock by the country  
merchant.

### BLACK VELVET RIBBON.

Trimming with black velvet ribbon is  
the craze of the moment and is equally  
popular on awnings intended for the home  
or for the street, for the day or for the  
evening. So much of the ribbon is some-  
times used that there is very little of the  
original material seen. One of the smartest  
of dinner gowns is made of black  
point d'esprit over white silk, but the en-  
tire gown, which is in princess shape, is  
strapped with black velvet ribbon an inch  
wide, and these straps are most cleverly  
sewed on the net, so that at the waist  
they are close together and toward the  
hem of the skirt are an inch apart. The  
front of the waist is a black lace point.  
Across the top of the arms are bands of  
the velvet again.

### ONLY A PICKLE.

The tall girl in the raglan and flat hat  
evidently had the money. The short, dark  
girl was listening. The tall girl  
talked.

They were lunching in a fashionable up-  
town restaurant. To be exact, they were

about to finish. Their order had been  
given. Under the influence of the  
martinis the ladies were doing pretty  
well.

The tall girl was on the home stretch  
of a rather long story, when the  
little girl broke in:

"Don't you love pickles?"  
"Passionately!"  
"Let's have some now!"  
"Certainly. Waiter, a dish of nice, fresh  
pickles."

The waiter placed a glass dish contain-  
ing five pieces of pickle, sliced in slender  
cuts in the shape of French fried potatoes  
between the two ladies.

The story was not interrupted. It raced  
along, taking hurdle after hurdle, if not  
altogether, taking the boom in a real es-  
timate town in the West. It was evidently  
a head to head story. First, the dove  
gray gloved fingers of the little one would  
reach out to the plate, daintily pick up a  
piece of the pickle and raise it to a kiss-  
able mouth, which closed upon it in a  
manner that made all of the men who  
were watching her feel like loving her.  
Then the black-gloved fingers of the big  
one would make the transit to the cen-  
ter of the table.

They alternated the long reach twice,  
and then, well, then the fun began. Two  
little gloved hands came in violent junc-  
tured position over the remaining piece of  
pickle. Two pairs of bright eyes flashed  
woman looks. Two stylish forms became  
rigid with hauteur as the hands got back  
again to the sides of their respective  
owners.

The story took an abrupt header.

"Oh, I beg your pardon," said the little  
one, with frigid dignity.

"I beg your pardon," answered the big  
one, with still greater frigid dignity.

"I don't wish it, thank you."

"Nor I, thank you, very much."

"It was quite accidental that I reached

for it."

"Purely so, on my part, I assure you—  
the last piece."

"Indeed!"  
"Oh, I have no doubt!"  
"To sneer at me as well as we know  
of other spiteful things!"  
"Sneer? You presume!"  
"Not at all!"  
"Oh, yes, you do!"  
"No, I don't!"  
"You do!"  
"I don't!"  
"Do!"

The battle was well on. The con-  
sequences seemed fatal to friendship if not  
altogether disarranging of fluffy wads of  
golden and black hair. The ladies were  
so completely in the center of attraction  
they were certainly pretty, as the martini  
flush on their cheeks was enhanced vio-  
lently by the red flame of anger.

After mewing for some time longer, and  
just as the time for clashing appeared im-  
minent, the expression on the little one's  
face suddenly changed. Perhaps she re-  
alized her predicament if the big one  
should try to get of the place and leave her  
to pay the bill, with only 10 cents in the  
pocket.

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## Kodol Digests what you Eat Dyspepsia Cure

Dyspeptics cannot regain health and strength by living upon half rations. They must eat plenty of good food and digest it. To enable them to do this they should use something that will help the stomach do its work. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is such a preparation. It digests what you eat and supplies the substances needed to build up the worn out digestive organs.

Prof. J. Iverson, of Lonaconing, Md., says: "For thirteen years I suffered agony from dyspepsia and neuritis of the stomach. I tried almost everything and doctors drugged me nearly to death with morphine, but temporary relief was all I could obtain till I was advised to use KODOL DYSPEPSIA CURE. The first dose gave me relief. I bought my first bottle in March, 1900, and I have not had a single pain since. It has completely cured me. I cannot endorse it too highly."

**It can't help but do you good**  
Prepared by E. O. DeWitt & Co., Chicago. The 51c bottle contains 25 times the 10c size.

The favorite household remedy for coughs, colds, croup, bronchitis, grippe, throat and lung troubles is **ONE MINUTE Cough Cure**. It cures quickly.  
SIMON N. JONES & CO., SECOND AND MAIN.

bred horse ran much longer than a cock-  
tail would, but he could not run forever.  
He lay unshaven, hollow-eyed, and sal-  
low. Mrs. Davies and Susan watched him  
by turns, except when he compelled them  
to go and take a little rest or amusement.  
The poor thing's thoughts were never on  
himself, even when he was light-headed,  
and this was often, though not for long  
together. It was generally his poor  
prisoners and what he was going to do  
for them.

This is how Susan Merton came to visit  
Robinson: One day, seeing his great in-  
terest in all that concerned the prison,  
and remembering there was a book ad-  
dressed to one of the officers, Susan, who  
longed to do something, however small,  
to please him, determined to take this  
book to its destination. Leaving Mrs.  
Davies with a strict injunction not to stir  
from Mr. Eden's room till she came back,  
she went to the prison and knocked timid-  
ly at the door.

"Come in," was opened in-  
stantly, and as Susan faced her, by a  
burly figure. Susan, suppressing an in-  
clination to run away, asked tremulously:  
"Does Mr. Fry live here?"  
"Yes."

"Can I speak to him?"  
"Yes, come in, miss."

Susan stepped in.  
The man slammed the door.  
Susan wished herself on its other side.  
"My name is Fry. What is your pleas-  
ure with me?"

"Mr. Fry, I am so glad I have found  
you. I am come here from a friend of  
yours."

"From a friend of mine?" said Fry,  
with a mystified air.

"Yes; from Mr. Eden. Here is the  
book, Mr. Fry. Poor Mr. Eden could not  
bring it to you himself, but you see he has  
written your name on the cover with his  
own hand."

Fry took the book from Susan's hand,  
and in so doing observed that she was  
lovely; so to make her a return for  
bringing him "Uncle Tom" and for being  
so pretty, Fry for once in his life felt  
generous, and repaid her by volunteer-  
ing to show her the prison—indulgent  
Fry!

To his surprise, Susan did not jump at  
this remuneration. On the contrary, she  
said hesitantly:

"Oh, no, no."

Then seeing by his face that her new  
acquaintance thought her a mad woman,  
she added:

"That is, yes. I think I should like to  
see the prison—very little—but if I do  
you must keep close by me, Mr. Fry."

"Why, of course, I shall keep you,"  
replied Fry somewhat contemptuously.  
"No strangers admitted except in com-  
pany of an officer."

Susan still hung fire a little.  
"But you must go to show me the  
very wicked ones."

"Why, they are all pretty much of a  
mischief for that."

"I mean the murderers—I couldn't bear  
such a sight!"

"Go, please," said Fry sorrowfully,  
"parted with the last of that month ago  
up at 3, down at 9—your understanding,  
miss."

Happily Susan did not understand this  
brutal allusion, and not to show her ig-  
norance, she said nothing, but passed to  
a second stipulation.

"What I feared was much; he never would  
have deserted me else. What is the  
trouble?"

"







# The Evening Post.

A DEMOCRATIC NEWSPAPER.  
ESTABLISHED 1878.

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TUESDAY, APRIL 30, 1901.

## THE EVENING POST BY MAIL.

To serve the tens of thousands living beyond the call of carriers, reached only by the mail agents of the United States, the Evening Post makes the following rates for its daily issue—ten, twelve, sixteen and twenty-four pages, as the news requires:

Daily Evening Post, one year.....\$2.00  
Daily Evening Post, six months.....\$1.25  
Daily Evening Post, three months.....\$1.25  
Daily Evening Post one month......50

By carrier, wherever there is a newspaper carrier or agent, the rate is 10 cents a week. EVENING POST, Louisville, Ky.

## THE COMMONWEALTH'S ATTORNEY.

The Evening Post does not flatter itself with the belief that anything it could say would influence the action of the Governor in filling the vacancy caused by the death of Mr. Frank Parsons.

Nevertheless, it desires to say what, in its judgment, the Commonwealth needs in this position at this time, and to express the hope that the people, whatever action the Governor may take, will keep these things in mind, and vote for no man, it matters not what his party label, who does not meet these requirements.

The State needs a man absolutely free from the influence of the chief criminal attorneys, Kohn and Phelps. We mean by this a man who owes nothing politically, personally or professionally to these shrewd criminal lawyers. They carry their business into politics; they are in politics the better to serve their clients.

Some time ago it became necessary for the late Mr. Frank Parsons to take the bankrupt act. It was known that he had borrowed heavily of Messrs. Kohn and Phelps. We do not say that this influenced his course at the bar, but we do say it made the correct course more difficult.

The Police Court and the Circuit Court are the arenas where the criminal lawyers appear. Here Kohn and Phelps seek to protect their gambling clients, lottery dealers, crap shooters, pool-room operators and common gamblers. They are men of great resources, and they push their influence in all directions. When Granger, Jefferson and Satterwhite undertook to silence the Evening Post in the asphalt matter by an indictment, Kohn and Phelps appeared to prosecute the indictment, appeared to demand the muzzling of the press; for unless the press can be effectually muzzled, the dominion of Kohn and Phelps must end.

First, therefore, the State needs a representative absolutely independent of the attorneys of the Gamblers' Trust. In the next place, the State needs a man of ability, superior to these practiced lawyers. This is not difficult to find. He must have a clear mind, and keep it clear. He must be quick and keen. The law is on the side of the State. These clients of the gamblers are men who are violating the law, and who wish to escape the penalties. There is rarely any question of guilt, any doubt, as to the fact in these gambling cases, or in half the other criminal cases. By tricks, by fallacies, by confusion, by audacious twistings of the phrases of the law, the attorneys of gamblers seek delay and doubt and forgetfulness. When these fail they throw themselves on the indulgence of the State's attorney and the court.

Now the State's attorney must be able to expose all these familiar devices, and then he must be firm enough to refuse favors to the persistent violators of the law, whoever their attorneys may be.

Three years after Kohn and Phelps had been driven from one defense to another, after Mr. Charles Wilson had exceeded his power as this temporary judge of the Police Court, Messrs. Kohn and Phelps, for their clients, the operators of the poolrooms, asked the indulgence of the State under a promise that the business should close.

It was an indulgence which should never have been granted. It was a promise no sooner made than broken, but it accomplished its purpose. The State should have a prosecutor who in dealing with hardened criminals and persistent vice will be as inflexible as steel.

Again the State must have as its representative a man of great physical strength, and one willing to devote it all to the service of the State. Continued absence from the post of duty works great injury to the cause of law and order in every way. For instance, when the promise of reform, based on a plea for clemency, was made for their clients three years ago by Kohn and Phelps, Mr. Parsons was not present. Continued illness had kept him from his office, and the business of the State was greatly neglected.

Another evil is that in the absence of the State's attorney the chief attorneys for the criminal classes too often appear for the State. It has an evil influence for a lawyer known to be regularly retained by the Gamblers' Trust to appear frequently for the State in cases where they have not been retained. The State has a right to service that is "all in all, or not at all."

Here, then, are the requirements of this high position, moral integrity being taken for granted in advance: Independence of personal or political obligation to lawbreakers and their attorneys; a thorough knowledge of the criminal law and the malpractice in our courts; inflexibility of purpose, which will not yield to importunities, what justice does not demand. Physical vigor, which is needed in order to secure that eternal vigilance essential to enforcement of the law against the combined influences of the organized lawless element in this community.

## THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY IN LOUISVILLE.

The Democratic party and the Weaver administration are one and the same thing in this city. The party is responsible for Mr. Weaver and for his administration. The things for which the administration is most widely condemned are things done in behalf of the Democratic party, done for the purpose of thwarting the people, of overthrowing them and maintaining in office men whom the people have rejected. The open revolt of the administration against popular government began with the June primary, when the local police raided the election booths, broke open boxes and stuffed other boxes, imprisoned officers and practically refused to permit the regularly appointed Democratic officers acting under the authority of the regular Democratic Committee to conduct a primary. In order to keep that account fresh in the minds of our people, we reproduce the following published statement, made by the committee on the morning of Monday, June 12, 1899:

II.

The fourth chapter opened in the June primaries in Louisville. The story of that overthrow of a primary election is best described in the official paper adopted the day of the outrage. It is as follows:

### TO THE DEMOCRATIC VOTERS OF THE CITY OF LOUISVILLE:

"Your committee, acting under the authority of the Democratic party and in accordance with the law of the State of Kentucky, provided for a primary election to be held in the city of Louisville, Monday, June 12, to elect nominees of the Democratic party for the various municipal and legislative offices:

"Early Monday morning, June 12, the police raided nearly all of the precincts in the city of Louisville. In many instances they by force expelled the regular election officers and installed pretended election officers, selected by themselves. In others they seized the ballots, books and boxes, thus taking absolute and forcible control of nine-tenths of the voting precincts of the city of Louisville. The result is that the Democratic party is deprived of the privilege of holding a primary in the city of Louisville. They are deprived of this by the Mayor and police authorities directing and controlling the police force. Intimidation had prevailed throughout the city, and the law has been suspended.

"To accomplish this purpose the citizens of Louisville have been deprived during the past twenty-four hours of ordinary fire protection. The policemen have ceased to be the guardians of the peace and have become the organized violators of the law.

"In view of these facts, reported to us by the various precinct officers, and verified by personal inspection in every possible case, the committee holds that

it is dangerous to the peace and safety of the community to attempt to hold an election until the law will protect them in their rights and privileges.

"In behalf, therefore, of a community which has been outraged and in the name of a party whose rights have been grossly violated, your committee, exercising the rights conferred upon it by the party law, annuls all orders issued calling for a primary to be held in the city of Louisville June 12, and orders the closing of all precincts and the discontinuance of all pretenses of election proceedings, and declares all the proceedings done under the conditions heretofore described as irregular and without effect, hindering upon no candidate and without the sanction of the party authorities."

A vote being taken on the said resolution, it resulted as follows: Yeas—Miller, Fitzgerald, Jones, Wright, Cosgrove, Cochran, Lukan and Tarpie. Nays—None. The resolution was thereupon declared carried, and the committee, at 11:40 a. m., adjourned.

III.

This was the overture to the political drama. Following the primary came the Music Hall convention. After the Music Hall convention a campaign that was little short of a five months' riot wound up with an inflammatory proclamation from Mayor Weaver, backed by a more inflammatory and incendiary editorial in the Louisville Courier-Journal, arraigning as an organized gang of murderers and marauders the best citizens of Louisville who had united in an effort to prevent the overthrow of the ballot.

It was the courage, the intelligence of the Democratic Judge, Sterling B. Toney, and the firmness of the Republican Governor, William O. Bradley, which prevented a riot in the city of Louisville following the wholesale removal of election officers the evening before the election of 1899. These are the things to be remembered by the people of this city, these are the wrongs that the voters of Louisville must unite in fighting next November. These are the party leaders and this the party to be condemned by citizens of a free city, by men who care for self government and by men unwilling to submit to the dictates of a combination between a reckless newspaper, a defiant coterie of public officers and a desperate party organization.

## PUBLIC OFFICERS AND THE PRESS

There is evidently a determined purpose animating the officeholding oligarchy in Kentucky not to permit any public criticism of any officeholders, and, if possible, to prevent the people from learning through the press the condition of public institutions and public affairs.

Saturday Jailor Lawrence, at Frankfort, attacked Mr. Wallace, the Frankfort correspondent of the Evening Post, for a perfectly truthful, an entirely courteous, and altogether impartial description of the Franklin county jail.

The jail is public property. The jailer is a public officer, a peace officer. The State has a right to know exactly the condition of the Franklin county jail, and the Evening Post has a right to tell the public about that jail, about all other jails, penitentiaries, hospitals, insane asylums, courts, election returns, and public institutions and public affairs.

Having that privilege, and being under a public obligation, the Evening Post intends to let the people know the truth, the whole truth, about all these matters.

## THE STREET-CLEANING DEPARTMENT.

A little care and some consideration for the public might result in a system of street cleaning which would be economical to the city and an improvement to the streets. At present great garbage carts go down the main streets between 9 and 10 o'clock, and barrels and boxes are emptied on carts already full, the wind scattering a good part of the dirt on the streets and the sidewalks and over passersby.

Again, the street sweepers—ugly and noisy—are at work between 9 and 10 o'clock in the morning instead of between 9 and 10 o'clock at night.

These garbage boxes and barrels ought to be emptied early in the morning or they might be emptied at night. The street sweepers ought to be put at work only when the streets are comparatively quiet, when they would not interfere with ordinary traffic, and before the citizens are trying to go to sleep.

The street cleaning department might consult the medical department and learn something of the injury to public health done by these open garbage carts and by the dirt blown from them back upon the streets, over the citizens or into their houses. It would be possible by a little care and possibly a little additional expense, to do all this work in a way not to require it to be done over again.

## McLAURIN AND TILLMAN.

There is to be an interesting campaign for Senator in South Carolina. Senator McLauren is a candidate for re-election, but Pitchefork Tillman opposes McLauren because he is no Democrat.

Is Tillman a Democrat? All through President Cleveland's administration Tillman was in open rebellion, and refused to wear the party yoke.

At the Chicago convention of 1896 Senator Tillman was a member of the Platform Committee and insisted on making a speech. He made a "secession" speech in defense of all the Southern Confederacy stood for, and was so extreme in his statements that Senator Jones, of Arkansas, felt called on as an old Confederate soldier and a representative of the South, on the floor of the convention, to repudiate for himself and his comrades and his party associates the sentiments uttered by Senator Tillman.

Recently in the Senate Mr. Tillman again turned to the past and declared that 50 per cent. of the people of the South regretted the war to break up the Union had failed, and that they still wished the Southern Confederacy had succeeded.

The Mobile Register at that time undertook to do what Senator Jones had done on the floor of the Senate. It said:

"Senator Tillman is certainly a misrepresentative of the South. He stands for nothing Southern we know of. His hatred of the negroes is abnormal; his opposition to capital is a detestable force; his mania on the liquor question has made war of peace in his own State, and now he deliberately maligns the South by saying in the Senate that 50 per cent. of our people regret that the Union was not divided at the time of the war between the States. This is a display of ignorance on Tillman's part or of impudence or self-advertising, we do not know which. It is not certain that if any considerable portion of the Southern people were hostile to the Union there would, in the thirty-five years that have followed the war, have been some manifestation of that hostility, either to Federal officials, the flag of the Union, or in disinclination to obey the laws or stand up for the rights of the country."

Mr. Tillman is a picturesque figure; brutal, domineering, intractable; full of energy and egotism, and indifferent as

to the consequences of his utterances to his party associates. For himself, he is a mere political slave driver, and South Carolina belongs to him politically. Hampton and Butler went down before the blatant demagogue, and the chances are that McLauren will share no better fate, for the day has not yet dawned in South Carolina.

## BEHOLD THESE ACROBATS.

The evening Courier-Journal, envious of the reputation of the morning Courier-Journal for its lightning changes, determined to take both sides of one question in one column in the same issue, and it accomplished this feat yesterday after this manner:

I. "The Rev. Dr. Parkhurst remarks that 'The Southern white man dislikes the negro and owns up to it—the white man in the North dislikes the negro and lies about it.' This utterance is a chunk of wisdom that shines out from the usual mountebank character of Parkhurst's utterances like a good deed in a naughty world."

II. "Brer Parkhurst has spent a week in the South and therefore talks like one who knows what he knows all and really knows nothing about 'the race problem.' The typical and average Southerner does not dislike the negro; on the contrary, he likes him in his proper place and makes a proper place for him; while the typical and average Northerner dislikes the negro in any place to which disance doesn't lend enchantment to the view."

III. The morning acrobat will turn green with envy as he witnesses this performance, while the evening performer talks away singing:  
"I can and I can't,  
I will and I won't,  
I'll be d-d if I do,  
And I'll be d-d if I don't."

Grover Cleveland and W. J. Bryan, Richard Olney and "Pitchfork" Tillman, J. Sterling Morton and John Peter Altgeld all claim to be Democrats, and optimistic boys in the trenches believe that if they would get together success would surely follow. While this is very doubtful, there can be no doubt that their getting together would be more exciting than any prizefight.

Senator Tillman, of South Carolina, declares that Senator McLauren is not a Democrat, but Tillman is in total ignorance of what constitutes a Democrat, as the people of South Carolina would know if they had listened to those distinguished Democrats, Wade Hampton and M. C. Butler.

The Boards of Public Works and of Safety have, by the decision of the Court of Appeals, been forced to recognize the power of the General Council, which is a fortunate thing for the patient taxpayer whose rights no official was disposed to respect.

The prize offers for the best gardens have been extended so as to include New Albany and Jeffersonville, at the solicitation of many readers. Jeffersonville is thus added to the Eastern district, and New Albany to the Western district.

Edward Atkinson no doubt thinks he was a little hurried in hailing Aguinaldo as the George Washington of the twentieth century, now that the young Filipino has sworn friendship for the tyrannical government of the United States.

Mr. Morgan displays the dominant trait even in his vacation by ceasing the amusement of picking up art treasures long enough to assimilate Great Britain's largest ocean transportation company.

The country is not so certain that Mr. Bryan will not be a candidate for President again, but that he must lead a greatly reduced faction if he ever leads again, becomes more apparent every day.

President McKinley has captured the South and will soon overcome the West, but not even the most courageous will advise him to tackle the editor of the New York Evening Post.

That distinguished Kentuckian, "His Eminence," is disposed to be fast, but is young yet, and in time will settle down and enjoy himself on the green pastures of his native State.

Mr. John R. McLean's Equivocal is leading the shout of no more Bryanism and Mr. Thomas Taggart, of Indianapolis, is industriously at work organizing the Hill boom.

## Queries and Answers

Conducted by John Duncan.

R. H. D., Lancaster, Ky.—Matthew Arnold wrote the line you quote. It is a line in a beautifully expressed thought in which the poet urges men to take a lesson from the heavenly bodies. He says:  
"Unaffrighted by the silence round them, Undistracted by the sights they see, These demand not that the things without them Yield them love, amusement, sympathy."

"Bounded by themselves, and unobscured, In what state God's other works may be, In their own tasks all their powers pouring, These maintain the mighty life you see."

B., Louisville.—The phrase, "half-fellow well-met with everyone," is mostly current in the form in which we find it in Jonathan Swift's "My Lady's Lamentation." Thus:  
"Half fellow well met, all dirty and wet; Flout out, if you can, who's master, who's man."

We request some reader of the Evening Post to send us for publication "the history and location of Dead Man's Rock on the coast of England."

B., Louisville.—The nearest approach that we have seen to an explanation of why the name of Johnny Reb was given by Northern to Southern soldiers during the war is that Mr. William A. Wheeler. The designation is said to have originated in a taunting remark addressed to a Southern picket to the effect that the Southern States relied on Johnny Bull to help them to gain their independence, the Northerner adding that the picket himself was no better than Johnny Bull. That was too much—the picket resented, saying he would sooner be classed with the nigger. The name that finally prevailed was in the nature of a compromise name—if not Johnny Bull, then Johnny Reb, the word Reb being understood to be Rebel abbreviated. There may be something better than this—is this the best we have.

A typographical slip credited the purchase of Alaska to the administration of Andrew Jackson. It should have been to that of Andrew Johnson, not to that of Jackson.

Voter, Louisville.—Your view regarding the New Maryland Ballot law is correct. This law requires that the names of candidates must be "printed in alphabetical order, and that the voter mark the name of each candidate for whom he wishes his ballot to be counted, and no longer be permitted to vote a careless straight ticket by a single cross under a party emblem."  
This looks like a disfranchisement of the illiterate, both white and black, but trial has already shown that it impairs the voting of but few of even the alleged illiterate. It certainly makes against political machines and for more ability to discriminate. It is similar to a Massachusetts law that has also been found to work well.

West End, Louisville.—Is it really true that yellow fever and malaria come from mosquitoes?

Answer.—Those who have studied and investigated this subject most thoroughly now mostly hold and regard it as demonstrated that both yellow fever and malaria fever are "conveyed chiefly and probably exclusively by the bite of infected mosquitoes."

Allen, Jeffersonville, Ind.—Badly drained places, places where water stands long in pools, ponds of stagnant water, all these are propagating places for mosquitoes. Such places still abound here, and are the prolific source of sickness. We are glad to find that increased interest is being taken in problems of this class by the people generally in this community. You are right in holding that much of the money spent for mere office services touching Louisville's health matters could have been better spent in removing the causes of bad health.

Reader, Lebanon, Ky.—What, in round numbers, has the Boer war so far cost the British?

Answer.—The English Chancellor of the Exchequer, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, recently reckoned the total cost of the Boer war up to date at \$755,000,000. It is said that this is "more than seven times the wealth of all the Boers in the Transvaal at the beginning of the war." There is, of course, far more wealth than "the wealth of all the Boers in the Transvaal" involved in this struggle.

Pilot, Cloverport, Ky.—When did trading begin between Kentucky and New Orleans—Kentucky sending goods to the New Orleans market?

Answer.—In June, 1787, Gen. James Wilkinson descended the river to New Orleans from Kentucky with a small cargo of tobacco and other produce. This was the first transaction of the kind between New Orleans and Kentucky. The venture turned out well. It resulted in permission, from the Spanish Governor, Miro, to Gen. Wilkinson, to import on his own account free of duty all the productions of Kentucky. What that meant to this shipper can be gathered from the statement that "he was to furnish tobacco for the King of Spain at \$9.50 per hundredweight, while in Kentucky it would cost him but \$2 per hundredweight."

Reporter, Lexington.—In what place in Kentucky was a newspaper first published?

Answer.—In Lexington, on August 13, 1797, John and Fleming Brainerd established there the Kentucky Gazette. The Pittsburgh Gazette led on this account in the West, the Kentucky paper immediately following.

L. Hawkins, Ashland, Ky.—When the constitution of the United States was adopted by Virginia, how did the result stand? I am anxious to get the exact figures, as we have a dispute about them.

Answer.—The Virginia vote was 88 in favor of and 78 against adopting the constitution.

African, Indianapolis.—Had Kentucky any colored people who were free in early times—in the early days of slavery in the State?

Answer.—Yes. In a statement made regarding the population of Kentucky in 1790, we are told that the State then had a population of 61,133 white people, 114 free colored people, and 12,430 slaves; making a total at that date of 73,667.

## THE LIFE OF JESUS OF NAZARETH.

CHAPTER CXXV.

FAITHFUL IN A VERY LITTLE.

He entered and was passing through Jericho. And behold, a man called by name Zaccheus; and he was a chief publican, and he was rich. And he sought to see Jesus who he was; and could not for the crowd, because he was little of stature. And he ran on before, and climbed up into a sycamore tree to see him; for he was to pass that way. And when Jesus came to the place, he looked up, and said unto him:  
"Zaccheus, make haste, and come down; for today I must abide at thy house."

And he made haste, and came down, and received him joyfully. And when they saw it, they all murmured, saying:  
"He is gone in to lodge with a man that is a sinner."

And Zaccheus stood, and said unto the Lord:  
"Behold, Lord, the half of my goods I give to the poor; and if I have wrongfully exacted aught of any man, I restore fourfold."

And Jesus said unto him:  
"Today is salvation come to this house, forasmuch as he also is a son of Abraham. For the Son of man came to seek and to save that which was lost."

And as they heard these things, he added and spake a parable, because he was nigh to Jerusalem, and because they supposed that the kingdom of God was immediately to appear. He said therefore:  
"A certain nobleman went into a far country, to receive for himself a kingdom, and to return. And he called ten servants of his, and gave them ten pounds, and said unto them, 'Trade ye herewith till I come.' But his citizens hated him, and sent an embassy after him, saying, 'We will not that this man reign over us.' And it came to pass, when he was come back again, having received the kingdom, that he commanded these servants, unto whom he had given the money, to be called to him, that he might know what they had gained by trading. And the first came before him, saying, 'Lord, thy pound hath made ten pounds more.' And he said unto him, 'Well done, thou good servant; because thou wast found faithful in a very little, have thou authority over ten cities.' And the second came, saying, 'Thy pound, Lord, hath made five pounds.' And he said unto him also, 'Be thou also over five cities.' And another came, saying, 'Lord, behold, here is thy pound, which I kept laid up in a napkin; for I feared thee, because thou art an austere man; thou takest up that thou laydest not down, and reapest that thou didst not sow.' He saith unto him, 'Out of thine own mouth will I judge thee, thou wicked servant. Thou knowest that I am an austere man, taking up that I laid not down, and reaping that I did not sow; then wherefore gavest thou not my money into the bank, and I at my coming should have required it with interest?'

And he said unto them that stood by, 'Take away from him the pound, and give it unto him that hath the ten pounds. And they said unto him, 'Lord, he hath ten pounds.' 'I say unto you, that unto every one that hath shall be given; but from him that hath not, even that which he hath shall be taken away from him. Howbeit these mine enemies, which would not that I should reign over them, bring hither, and slay them before me.'"

And when he had thus spoken, he went on before, going up to Jerusalem.

Magnolia has a number of common names in addition to the one already given—sweet bay, white bay, swamp laurel, swamp sassafras, beaver tree. Technically it is mostly known as Magnolia glabra. Britton & Brown, in their "New Illustrated Flora of the Northern United States and Canada," name it *M. virginiana*.

Drummer, Bedford, Ind.—The date of the assassination of Judge J. M. Elliott, of the Kentucky Court of Appeals, was March 26, 1879. The date of the assassination of President James A. Garfield was July 21, 1881. An attempt was made to assassinate Queen Victoria in March, 1882.

Anti-Mormon, Lexington.—John Taylor succeeded Brigham Young as president of the Mormon church.

Delegate, Frankfort, Ky.—I would like to know exactly what vote Hancock and Garfield each got when they ran for the Presidency. Will be obliged for the information.

Answer.—The race in question was in 1850. Garfield got 4,449,053 votes; Hancock, 4,442,035. Of the electoral votes Garfield received 214 and Hancock 155.

Bank Clerk, Shelbyville, Ky.—Specie payments were formally resumed in this country on January 2, 1879, they had been suspended since 1862.

Richmond, Ky.—Please tell me of the origin and work of the Salvation Army—no odd body of men and women—that I find in most of the cities into which I travel as a young commercial man.

Answer.—This new great movement began with the Rev. W. Booth, mostly known as Gen. Booth. It is a work for the poorest of the poor, it reaches down to help and uplift even the lowest and most degraded. The beginning was in London. Bands of this force are now in every part of the leading countries of the world. The movement is well organized, and, however odd, distinctively religious.

Princeton, Ky.—I have forgotten a good deal about the great fire at Chicago, though I was there soon after the event. I want to recall some of the leading facts that I may tell my children of them, and so I ask for the Evening Post's help.

Answer.—The fire raged from the 8th to the 11th of October, 1871. As many as 250 persons were killed and close to 100,000 people were left destitute by it. It destroyed some 35,000 buildings. Help was promptly sent to Chicago from leading cities the world over, especially from the leading American and English cities.

Young Sport, Louisville.—Why is the first day of the races called Derby day and why should the word Derby be spelled with a capital D? Also say where the first races in Kentucky were run.

Answer.—The great English national race, held at Epsom, was founded by the Earl of Derby and was first run on May 4, 1780. Hence the name and the use of the capital letter.

The first horse races in Kentucky took place in April, 1873, at "Humble's racetrack," and on May 10, 1783, at "Hag-

Many Eager to Take Advantage of the Last Day Without Penalty.

As this is the last day on which taxes for 1899 may be paid at their face value, there is a rush on at the Tax Receiver's office. Hundreds of property owners were on hand this morning ready to discharge their indebtedness to the city. In consequence the office will make a big "turn-over" to the City Treasurer tomorrow.

## RUSH OF TAXPAYERS

A SKIN OF BEAUTY IS A JOY FOREVER.

D. I. FELIX GORDON'S ORIENTAL CREAM OR MAGICAL BEAUTIFIER.

Removes Tan, Pimples, Freckles, Moth Patches, Rash, and skin diseases, and gives a clear, healthy complexion.

For sale by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers in the U. S., Canada and Europe.

VERD T. HOPKINS, Prop., 57 Great Jones St., N. Y.

YOU PICK A WINNER

When you order one of our 14 patterns of the celebrated "Wonder" Table.

EXTENSION TABLES

That carries its leaves, Sideboards and China Cabinets and Dining Chairs in keeping with the "Wonder" Table.

SCHUPP & SCHMIDT

MFG. CO.,

421-423 W. Market St.













## Mercury AND Potash

Everybody knows that Mercury is a dangerous medicine even when administered in very small doses, and few constitutions can stand it for any length of time. Potash produces inflammation of the stomach and bowels, and a dangerous form of dyspepsia and often chronic diarrhoea follow its use.

Now, the doctors will tell you if you have Congenital Blood Poison you must take these minerals for two years or longer; first, a course of Mercury, and when your teeth get so sensitive and sore that you can't eat, and the gums have a spongy, unnatural appearance, you are told to stop and a change to Potash is made. When the stomach rebels you are put on Mercury again, and so on *ad infinitum*, until the system becomes so thoroughly saturated with these poisonous drugs that the most disgusting sores break out on the body, the bones become diseased, and the muscles and joints are racked with the most torturing pains. Mercury and Potash drive the eruptions and blotches from the skin, but the virus remains in the blood and the reappearance of the old symptoms and the occasional sore mouth show that the poison is still active, and you can never hope to completely eradicate it by this method of treatment.

S. S. S. is the only antidote for this destructive virus, and an infallible remedy for this peculiar poison. It destroys and eradicates every particle of the poison, and makes the blood as healthy and pure as before the disease was contracted.

S. S. S. is the only purely vegetable blood purifier known, and we offer \$1.00 for proof that it contains any mineral ingredients whatever. The general health improves as the Specific purges the system of impurities, and as new, rich blood begins to flow in the veins the unsightly sores and other evidences of blood poison disappear; strength returns and you are forever rid of this loathsome disease.

Our Home Treatment Book on Congenital Blood Poison tells you all about the symptoms, different stages, etc., of this disease. We will mail you a copy free. If you need advice or special directions, write our physicians; it will cost you nothing and may hasten your cure. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.



## BIG PITTSBURG FIRE, AND ONE LIFE LOST.

PITTSBURG, Pa., April 30.—Fire at the corner of Carson and Seventeenth street, S. South Side, resulted in the loss of one life, a property loss estimated at \$225,000, consumed over a dozen buildings, and rendered a score of families homeless.

The flames were discovered in the basement of the four-story department store of George E. Lorsch & Co., and soon the entire building was burning furiously. It was in ruins within thirty minutes. A panic ensued among the customers and employees, which resulted in what seemed at first a well founded report that eight persons had perished. This was found untrue after the fire had been controlled.

The only facility being the burning to death of Mrs. Kate Donley's two-and-a-half-year-old child.

When the fire broke out Mrs. Donley and child were on the fourth floor of the Lorsch building. In her haste to escape the mother fell on the stairway and was rendered unconscious. In the excitement the child was either forgotten or burned before aid could reach it.

A shower of burning timbers were thrown from the Lorsch building carrying destruction in all directions and several other stores and a number of dwellings were swept by the flames. The losses are pretty well covered by insurance.

## MORGAN BUYS STEAMER LINE.

Said to Be First Step in Consolidation of Some Big Transatlantic Shipping Interests.

LONDON, April 30.—The first step in the direction of the consolidation of some of the biggest transatlantic shipping interests has been accomplished by the purchase by J. P. Morgan & Co., of the Leyland line of steamers. A deposit on the purchase money has been paid.

The officials of the Leyland line, in confirming the sale, told a representative of the Associated Press that an official statement will be issued from the head of the line at Liverpool. It is understood that the shareholders will receive £14.10 for each £10 share.

The Leyland line, whose fleets will thus pass into the control of Americans, is one of Great Britain's greatest shipping institutions, far exceeding the Peninsular & Oriental Steam Navigation Company in tonnage and importance.

When, some months ago, it was suggested that the line was likely to pass into the hands of the Atlantic Transport people, much comment followed in regard to the effect it would have on other British lines, as it was generally felt in shipping circles that any such wide reaching shipping amalgamation, in close touch with American railroads, would have serious consequences for lines outside the combination.

## KIDNAPERS OFFER TO RETURN MONEY

If Cudady Will Withdraw His Reward, but He Positively Refuses to Do This.

OMAHA, Neb., April 30.—Edward A. Cudady, the packer, has received a letter from an agent of the kidnapers of his son, making him a proposition to return \$21,000 of the money paid for his ransom, demanding in return a withdrawal of the \$25,000 reward and a cessation of the search for the kidnapers.

The letter bore the postmark of Elgin, Ill., and Mr. Cudady is convinced of its authenticity. He went to Chicago ten days ago because of being summoned there by his brother in response to overtures that had been made. He refused to consider it for a minute, and declares his unchanged resolve to prosecute to the end the search for the men who abducted his boy.

## GETTING ALL THE LEADERS.

Two More Filipino Generals and a Priest, Who Preached a Holy War, Surrender.

MANILA, April 30.—Gen. Tinio, the Filipino leader in the Abra province, has surrendered.

The report that Gen. Alejandro has surrendered is confirmed. He was looked upon as the possible successor of Aguinaldo. Padre Aglipay, the excommunicated Filipino priest, who preached the doctrine of a holy war against the United States, has also surrendered.

## COURT OF APPEALS.

Evening Post Special Service. FRANKFORT, Ky., April 30.—Present, Chief Justice Paynter and Judges Guffy, DuRelle and White.

Continental Insurance Company vs. Moore, Breckinridge, and others, motion sustained and case docketed; submitted and advanced for decision.

Commonwealth vs. Grinstead & Tinsley, Whitley, appellee given twenty days' further time to brief.

C. & O. R. R. Co. vs. Keelin's administration, motion sustained and case docketed; submitted and advanced for decision.

## A RELIABLE PILE CURE.

The Pyramid Pile Cure is the safest and surest pile cure on the market, because it contains no mineral poisons, nor opium, nor cocaine, but can be used with absolute safety and certainty of cure.

Many physicians are now using the Pyramid Pile Cure in place of surgical operations, being positive, convenient to use, and the patient can attend to his daily occupation while the cure is being made, as it is used at night, and no additional treatment is necessary.

Dr. Wharton says the Pyramid Pile Cure will prove a blessing to mankind, when it is remembered that heretofore a surgical operation was considered the only cure, with all its danger to life, intense pain, and an expense of from ten to one hundred dollars, to say nothing of the possible return of the trouble.

The Pyramid Pile Cure is sold by druggists at 75 cents and \$1.00, and does the work quickly and safely.

A fresh on course and cure of piles will be mailed free by addressing Pyramid Pile Cure, Marshall, W. Va.

## TO REDUCE THE POLICE FORCE.

Board of Safety Holding an Executive Session for the Purpose.

When the Board of Safety went into executive session this morning it was known that before the meeting ended the police force would be cut down so as to comply with the ordinance of the General Council which was declared to be valid last week by the Appellate Court.

The cut necessitated the dismissal outright of ten patrolmen, the reduction of sergeants, of two lieutenants to be sergeants and of two captains to be lieutenants. It was pretty well understood in advance that Jacobs and Kralik were the captains who would be reduced to lieutenants.

## SEVENTEEN IN THE DRAG NET.

Democrats Said to Have Been Indicted for Fraudulent Voting at St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, April 30.—The Globe-Democrat today says:

The April grand jury, which has been in session since the first of the month, made a partial report yesterday, returning, it is said, seventeen indictments against Democrats, charging them with fraudulent voting and repealing. The names of the indicted persons have not been given out officially. They will be made public when capias are being served by the Sheriff.

## PAN-AMERICAN STAMPS

Local Postoffice Receives Over \$30,000 Worth for Sale.

The local postoffice has received \$30,400 worth of Pan-American Exposition stamps, which will be placed on sale tomorrow.

The denominations are ones, twos, fours, fives, eights and tens. The one-cent stamp is green, with the design of a fast lake steamer; the two-cent red, with a picture of a fast express train; the four-cent, which is terra cotta, contains a design of an automobile; the five-cent (blue) represent the Niagara suspension bridge; the eight-cent (brown), a canal lock, and the ten-cent, which is brick red, show the design of a fast ocean steamer.

## MR. SHERLEY TIPPED.

Rumor Today That He Will Be Appointed Commonwealth's Attorney.

There is a strong tip out that Mr. Swager Sherley will be appointed Commonwealth's Attorney. It is rumored that the appointment will come tomorrow. Mr. J. P. Pryor is also mentioned.

## CAPTAIN SHOT.

MANILA, April 30.—Aguinaldo has been subpoenaed as a witness for the defense in a mudo ducat murder case pending in Tay Tay, province of Morong.

Capt. John R. McDonald, with twenty-one men of the Third Cavalry, recently attacked sixty insurgent riflemen and forty bolomen in the mountains of Abra province. The insurgents were defeated. Capt. McDonald was wounded in the lungs and a private was killed.

## ONE YEAR FOR STEALING WAGON

Charles Edinburg, colored, pleaded guilty in the Criminal Division today to stealing a wagon from William Linber of Ninth and Myrtle streets. He was given one year in the penitentiary upon the recommendation of Acting Commonwealth's Attorney.



## Grind less—get more

You will get more satisfaction from a cupful of Arbuckles' Coffee than from other coffees—and more cupfuls to the pound. Arbuckles' is not only better than many coffees that cost more, but is actually cheaper to use than the coffees that sell for a cent less per pound. Not another firm in the whole world can buy coffee to better advantage than the producers of

## ARBUCKLES' Roasted Coffee

No other coffee (not even the fancy-priced) is cleansed, roasted, blended and packed with greater care or more skill. Buy Arbuckles' Coffee and get better quality and greater value than you could get in any other coffee at anywhere near the same price.

With each package of Arbuckles' Coffee you buy a definite part of some useful article (see list which each package contains). The article is yours whenever you present a certain number of signatures from the wrappers at our Notion Dept. Look for the list.

ARBUCKLE BROS., Notion Dept., New York City, N. Y.

## CAPT. SIBERT DEFENDS CASEY AND DITTO.

Chief Engineer Does Not Believe They Were Influenced in Appointments.

Capt. William Sibert, chief of the local corps of United States Engineers, is of the opinion that Congressman Irwin has been the victim of an imposition as to the status of the affairs of Casey and Ditto, charged with exercising a political discrimination against certain persons who have sought to obtain mechanical employment on the locks of the Louisville & Portland canal and about the falls of the Ohio.

Casey and Ditto are members of an appointing board, and are said to have been rejecting certain persons in favor of their political friends when it comes to giving out employment. As a result of representations along this line, Congressman Irwin wrote to the Civil Service Commission at Washington, setting forth that Casey and Ditto had violated civil service regulations and asking an immediate investigation.

This investigation has been ordered, and will take place as soon as the Civil Service Commission can finish reviewing the data and other material furnished by Capt. Irwin, Representative from this district.

Capt. Sibert is of the opinion that the men have done nothing wrong, and will probably defend them in their positions if such action is deemed necessary. He said this morning, in an interview with a reporter for the Evening Post:

"If Mr. Casey, the assistant in charge of local improvements on the falls of the Ohio and the Louisville and Portland canal, has violated in any way the law concerning civil service appointments, I do not know it.

"Every transaction of the local board is reported to the Central Board in Washington, and my board to the Civil Service Commission. The Engineer's Department is thoroughly in accord with the civil service laws, and I note with satisfaction the position taken by the Congressman from this district, viz: That he wishes to see the civil service law administered in accordance with its full meaning and that a technical compliance with the law would not be satisfactory. Along this line he will always find this office a ready coadjutor."

## CYCLE RACER

STINSON'S DEADLY RING.

Cycle racer Will C. Stinson, who holds the one-hour record, has had three falls within a week, each of which narrowly missed being fatal. Now he is beginning to wonder whether a ring he wears is not a hoodoo of the most dangerous sort. This ring is a famous one among bicycle riders and the superstitious are reported by the New York World to show it as they would the phylloxera.

Three riders who met violent deaths on the track have worn the ring in turn. They were O. Peterson, W. E. Miles and W. F. Stanford. Peterson was killed at Lansingburg, N. Y., in 1897, by striking a post on the indoor track, and Miles

## THE BEST REMEDY FOR RHEUMATISM.

QUICK RELIEF FROM PAIN. All who use Chamberlain's Pain Balm for rheumatism are delighted with the quick relief from pain which it affords.

When speaking of this Mr. D. N. Sinks of Troy, Ohio, says: "Some time ago I had a severe attack of rheumatism in my arm and shoulder. I tried numerous remedies, but got no relief until I was recommended by Messrs. Geo. F. Parsons & Co., druggists, of this place, to try Chamberlain's Pain Balm. They recommended it so highly that I bought a bottle. I was soon relieved of all pain. I have since recommended this balm to many of my friends who agree with me that it is the best remedy for rheumatism in the market. For sale by all druggists."

## CHICAGO LIVESTOCK.

CHICAGO, April 30.—Cattle.—Receipts, 5,500. Market generally steady. Good to prime steers, \$4.80 to \$5.00. Poor to medium, \$4.50 to \$4.75. Stockers and feeders, \$2.75 to \$3.00. Hogs, \$3.50 to \$3.75. Pigs, \$3.25 to \$3.50. Sheep, \$3.00 to \$3.25. Butter, \$1.00 to \$1.25. Eggs, \$1.00 to \$1.25. Corn, \$1.00 to \$1.25. Wheat, \$1.00 to \$1.25. Flour, \$1.00 to \$1.25. Sugar, \$1.00 to \$1.25. Coffee, \$1.00 to \$1.25. Tea, \$1.00 to \$1.25. Spices, \$1.00 to \$1.25. Miscellaneous, \$1.00 to \$1.25.

## MOTORMAN BANKRUPT.

Charles L. Foster, a motorman for the Louisville & Nashville Railway, filed a petition in bankruptcy today. His liabilities are listed at \$2,775.45, of which \$1,184.80 is secured. His assets are said to be \$2,100, of which amount \$1,000 is cash.

## IT CAUSED HOT FIGHT.

Seems Certain Jefferson County Assessment Will Be Raised by State Board.

Evening Post Special Service. FRANKFORT, Ky., April 30.—The question of the assessment of Jefferson county property caused a hot fight in the State Board of Equalization when it came up for preliminary hearing.

On the first motion it was voted to leave the assessment as it stood, but the motion was reconsidered, as two members of the board were not present at the forenoon session. The matter was not settled, but it is morally certain that the assessment will be raised this afternoon.

## THE GOVERNOR TO ACT TODAY.

Reported That Dr. Connell, of Owen County, May Succeed Dr. McCormick at Hopkinsville.

Evening Post Special Service. FRANKFORT, Ky., April 30.—State Inspector Hume and Gov. Beckham were in consultation for some time this morning in regard to the charges against Sup. Dr. B. McCormick, of the Western Insane Asylum.

The Governor will probably take final action in the matter today. It is reported that if there is a change in the Superintendency of the asylum to Dr. J. N. Connell, of Owen county, will probably succeed Dr. McCormick. It is believed the matter will be disposed of by the Governor during the day.

## EUCHRE FOR THE FLAG

Ladies of the Liederkranz Will Give One Tomorrow.

The ladies of the Louisville Liederkranz will give a euchre at their hall, Sixth and Walnut streets, tomorrow afternoon. Play will begin at 3 o'clock. The euchre is for the benefit of the flag fund and the proceeds will go to buy a banner to replace that destroyed in the fire.

## DEATH OF MR. C. B. MILLER.

Mr. C. B. Miller, a traveling salesman, died yesterday afternoon of consumption at the Deaconess Hospital. He was born in Hannibal, Mo., December 11, 1856, was educated in Poughkeepsie, N. Y., and came to Louisville in 1887. He resided at 127 W. Chestnut street.

Mr. Miller is survived by his wife, Mrs. Katie Miller, a daughter, Miss Susan Bowers Mueller; his mother, a brother, Thomas D. Miller, of Dallas, Tex., and a sister, Mrs. J. S. Todd, of Shelbyville, Mo. The funeral will take place Thursday morning.

## COLLECTOR SAPP WILL RETURN TONIGHT.

Collector C. E. Sapp will return from Washington tonight, where he went in the interest of his reappointment to the office of Collector of Internal Revenue for this district.

## EAST-END W. C. T. U.

The East-End Women's Christian Temperance Union will meet tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock at 163 East Main street. All members are urged to be present.

## CAUGHT HIM RED HANDED. ULTIMATUM TO THE RAILROAD

Jack the Ripper, Who Had Mutilated Eighteen Women in Bavaria, Captured.

LUDWIGSHAFEN, Baden, April 30.—The notorious "Jack the Ripper," who has mutilated and murdered eighteen women, has been caught here red-handed by two detectives, attired as women.

A dispatch from Berlin, March 28, said that the Bavarian police had captured the man who for several months previous had been terrorizing Ludwigshafen by a succession of outrages such as were committed in the White Chapel district of London years ago by a man who was termed "Jack the Ripper." The man then taken into custody was a butcher named Ludman. But he was subsequently released.

## GOULD TO GET INTO PITTSBURG.

But the Pennsylvania Prevents Carrying Out of His Original Plan of Going Via Wabash.

NEW YORK, April 30.—The Evening Post says Mr. Geo. Gould's plans for reaching Pittsburgh by connecting the Wabash with the Wheeling & Lake Erie and by building an entirely new line from the Wheeling & Lake Erie terminus near the Ohio river into Pittsburgh, are likely to be entirely revised, as the result of the aggressive position taken by the Pennsylvania railroad. Ever since it became definitely known that Mr. Gould was planning to reach Pittsburgh and secure the immense tonnage of that district for the Wabash, the Pennsylvania railroad officers have been actively at work to prevent the building of the road if possible.

President Cassatt and Mr. Gould have held conferences on the subject, and while no definite understanding has probably been reached at the present time, it may be stated that the Wabash will not reach Pittsburgh as an aggressively competitive element. The Pennsylvania, to protect that territory from new competition, was prepared to take aggressive measures, and Mr. Gould was quick to realize the harm that might be done his Western railroads by Pennsylvania opposition.

The Wabash, however, will secure its line to Pittsburgh through an arrangement with the Pennsylvania railroad, which will obviate the building of a street competing line in the interest of the Wabash, and confine any building of new road by Mr. Gould to connections between the Wabash and Wheeling & Lake Erie. No new road will be built east of the Ohio river. The Gould line will get into Pittsburgh over the Baltimore & Ohio, now controlled by the Pittsburgh, or perhaps from Steubenville when a new bridge now planned is completed over the Pan-handle line.

## REFORM WAVE

Strikes Omaha, and Everything Will Be Closed Tight as a Drum on Sundays Hereafter.

OMAHA, Neb., April 30.—In accordance with an order of Mayor Moores, all saloons were tightly closed from Saturday night until Monday morning. The Mayor now asserts that next Sunday barber shops, ball games, theaters, and even newsboys will be placed under the ban. The stringent action results from an agitation by the press.

## ASSUMES HIS DUTIES.

Mr. M. H. Thatcher Becomes Assistant United States District Attorney Tomorrow.

Mr. M. H. Thatcher will enter upon the duties of his office as Assistant United States District Attorney for the district tomorrow, vice John G. Ferguson, resigned.

## BRAIN-EASE

25 CENTS

BRAND

25 CENTS

BRAND

25 CENTS

BRAND

25 CENTS

BRAND

25 CENTS

BRAND

25 CENTS

BRAND











## OPENED THE CAMPAIGN.

DR. W. R. STRUBLE DELIVERED HIS FIRST TALK AGAINST THE CIGARETTE.

GOOD CROWD HEARD ADDRESS.

Local Work Is Along the Line of the American Anti-Cigarette League.

MEETINGS TO CONTINUE 10 DAYS.

The pews of Marcus Lindsay Memorial Church were well filled Monday evening by those interested in the crusade against the cigarette and desirous of hearing Dr. Wallace R. Struble in his first attempt in this city at overcoming it.

Personally, Dr. Struble is not at all narrow-minded. In a conversation held before the meeting he said, "I am not fighting the use of tobacco only the cigarette, and only for the reason that its use by young people has increased alarmingly with results that are deplorable."

The movement, he stated, was instituted ten years ago by Charles Buckley Hubbard, of New York, and from that date its existence and growth had been spasmodic, and without satisfactory results for a time, but at the present time fully 300,000 children have been induced to sign the pledge to abstain from the use of cigarettes until they have reached the age of twenty-one.

Although the address of Monday night was really intended for children between the ages of eight and fourteen—the age of danger from the cigarette, according to Dr. Struble—a plentiful sprinkling of older persons was observed in the audience, including many young women. Dr. Struble was introduced by Prof. H. K. Taylor, who is also deeply interested in the anti-cigarette movement. The address was powerful and concise.

"The future welfare of the nation," said Dr. Struble, "lies in the hands of its future sovereigns—the boys and girls of today."

"Cigarette takes pride in its beautiful women, fine whiskey and blooded horses and should also take pride in its boys. To make good, brave, brainy men is of more importance than to produce horses or whiskey or tobacco or animal products of any sort."

"The Kentucky boy is a bright fellow and deserves attention. The proudest hope of this splendid State is in the integrity of its citizenship. It will not do to tarnish the tomb of Clay and utter platitudes while sealing destruction to generations of embryo statesmen through the cigarette."

"The opinion of Dr. Frank Gussakus, of Chicago, is, 'There is no force more destructive of soul, mind or body or more subversive of good morals than the cigarette.'"

"Much experience confirms that the cigarette, obscenity and lewdness go hand in hand. Few boys who indulge in the first escape the contamination of the latter."

"The percentage of cigarette smokers in the high schools is practically half for the reason that cigarette funds never reach the high schools. The average of scholarship of girls is greater than that of boys for the obvious reason that girls are comparatively free from narcotic and kindred vices."

"The campaign in Louisville is a campaign for the preservation of the young from the contamination of the most laudable force ever devised for the destruction of the race—the cigarette."

Dr. Struble illustrated his lecture with a number of examples which would have caused cigarette manufacturers to grit their teeth and squirm had they been present, and closed his address with an appeal to the boys and girls to sign the pledge and to assist in the work, the object of which was solely to benefit them and to cause them to become stronger, better men and women.

Dr. Struble will remain in the city about two weeks, scattering his sermons broadcast and endeavoring in every way to promote the object of his labors.

The program outlined is as follows: April 30, 8 p. m., Lander Memorial Church, Highlands.

May 2, 8 p. m., Clifton Christian Church.

May 3, 8 p. m., First English Lutheran Church, Preston and Broadway.

May 4, 8 p. m., Chestnut-street Baptist Church, Ninth and Chestnut.

May 6, 8 p. m., Portland Methodist Church, Thirty-third and Portland avenue.

May 8, 8 p. m., Parkland Christian Church.

On Sunday, May 5, there will be a grand rally, though the location has not yet been decided upon.

THE COSTLY BOUNTY POLICY.

Not long ago the Dominion government desisting to increase the production of iron and steel in Canada, voted a bounty of \$3 a ton on pig iron made from Canadian ore and of \$3 a ton on steel made from Canadian ore. This bounty has been effective. There has been an increase in production which is likely to become alarmingly large, for a considerable number of iron and steel plants are being started. When they are all in operation the amount of money to be paid in bounties will be so large as to prove a serious tax on the finances of the Dominion. Last year the total bounties paid amounted to only \$312,000, but a single company estimates that it will receive about \$500,000 in bounties during the next few years.

## WAYT DENTAL CO.

Pioneers of Painless Dentistry.  
27 Years in Louisville at 3d and Jefferson St.  
TEETH \$5 TO \$8. FULL SET GUARANTEED.  
Bridge Teeth or Teeth Without a Plate \$2, \$3, \$5, No  
Hollows. Gold Fillings \$1, \$3.  
What better price than these could you ask, knowing  
that the work is first-class and guaranteed by responsible  
people? Our work has stood the test of 27 years.  
None better at any price. Corner Third and Jefferson.

## Mercerized Foulards

19c

A new lot, just received, very choice styles Mercerized Satin Foulards, 35c values.

Wednesday Special 19c.

## 19c Scotch Madras

12 1/2c

Woven Corded Madras, newest up-to-date stripes, for shirt waists. Styles more beautiful than ever; worth 19c; Wednesday special 12 1/2c.

## Satin-Stripe Wool Challies

Stylish designs, Wool Challies, satin stripe, pink, rose, lavender, reseda and green, worth 40c.

Wednesday Special 29c.

29c

## 20c FOREIGN BATISTE

15c

Primrose Batiste, handsome quality, beautiful designs and colorings; worth 20c; Wednesday special 15c.

## Hosiery Special—35c Values

16c Per Pair.

Ladies' Two-thread Stainless Black, High-splendored Heel, Full Regular Made Hose; 16c values; Wednesday special 10c per pair.

INDIA LINEN

4 3/4c

Sheer quality White India Linen; Wednesday special 4 3/4c.

White Paris Fluslin, 2 Yards Wide.

18c

Wednesday special Fine Sheer White Paris Fluslin, 2 yards wide; worth 40c; special 18c.

## LINING SPECIALS

3 3/4c

Kid-Finish Linen, Cambric, all shades and backings.

## Brush Binding, 3 3/4c

Black and colors, 3 3/4c

Wednesday Special 3 3/4c.

## Satin Ribbons

1c Per Yard

No. 1 Satin Ribbon, all newest spring shades; Wednesday special 1c per yard.

## \$1.25 Thomson's

Glove Fitting Corsets, =

79c

One Lot Thomson's Glove Fitting Corsets—White, Dab and Black. \$1.25 Values. Wednesday Special.

## WEDNESDAY ONLY.

Men's Seamless Socks

4 3/4c

Black and tan, fast colors. No mail orders. None to dealers.

## KNIT UNDERWEAR BARGAINS!

For Wednesday and Thursday.

Children's and Misses' Bleached Jersey Ribbed Vests. 5c

Ladies' Sleeveless Vests, 3-piece, ribbed, bleached or ecru, taped neck and arm hole, worth 12 1/2c, at 5c.

Ladies' Medium-Weight Jersey Ribbed Vests. 12c

Long or short sleeves, taped neck, bleached or ecru, worth 25c, at 12c.

Ladies' Jersey Ribbed Pants, Medium Weight. 15c

Knee or ankle length, with nice yoke band.

500 Rolls China Mattings 10c

Fine quality Japanese Cotton-warp Mattings, at 10c, 20c, 25c and 30c.

\$2.25 and \$2.50 Lace Curtains \$1.48

Having only 2 to 4 pairs of a pattern, we place them on sale at this low price. They are 3 1/2 yards long, extra wide, with buttonhole edge.

\$2.50 Reversible Tapestry Portieres \$1.69

with heavy fringe top and bottom. Beautiful designs.

WEDNESDAY ONLY. Ladies' Black Cotton Gloves, worth 19c, at 9c.

MARKET ST. STARR DRY-GOODS COMPANY. BET. 2ND AND 3RD

## WEDNESDAY ONLY.

3-Lb. Feather Sleeping Pillows

49c

Size 18x26, with heavy ticking cover. Only two to a customer.

## FOR WEDNESDAY ONLY.

\$1.25 Embroidery Trimmed Underskirt

65c

Made like cut, with dust ruffle. Only two a customer.

## Children's Dresses, 49c

Made of best Percale, ruffles around shoulders, neatly trimmed, special price 49c. Sizes 4 years to 12 years. Other styles at 75c, 80c and 98c.

Boys' Wash Suits

29c

New lot of Boys' Wash Suits, made of fast colored material, at 29c, 39c and 50c.

## \$7.50 Tailor-Made Suits

\$4.98

Made of Cheviot, either coat or Eton style jacket, lined throughout; skirt made seven gore flare. Equal to any \$7.50 suit. On sale tomorrow at \$4.98.

## \$10 Silk Skirts \$6.98

Black Taffeta Silk Skirt, flounce of applique work, equal to any \$10 Silk Skirt, at \$6.98.

## Wrapper Sale

47c

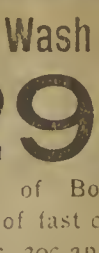
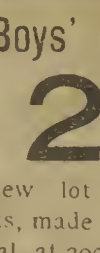
Made of good fast colored Calico; flounce bottom; waist has separate lining; full front; wateau back; special price tomorrow, Wednesday, 47c.

\$1.00 Shoes 59c.

Children's Dongola Lace Shoes, patent leather tips, spring styles, shapes and lasts, leather soles and counters; \$1 values at 59c; sizes 8 1/2 to 11.

\$2.00 Ladies' Oxfords \$1.50.

Ladies' Vic Kid, Dongola and Kid Skin Oxfords, with plain kid or silk vesting tops, patent leather or kid tips, hand turned soles, straight or concave heels; sizes and widths to fit all; guaranteed \$2 values at \$1.50 a pair for Wednesday only.



## MEMORABLE DAY FOR THE WALNUT STREET BAPTISTS.

CORNERSTONE OF THE NEW CHURCH TO BE LAID WEDNESDAY, AND DR. EATON'S PASTORAL ANNIVERSARY TO BE CELEBRATED.

The cornerstone of the new church to be built at Third and St. Catherine streets by the congregation of the Walnut-street Baptist Church will be laid with impressive ceremonies at 10 o'clock tomorrow afternoon.

The new church will cost when completed \$100,000. This church will be, with a single exception, the only public building in Louisville adhering rigidly throughout to a pure style of architecture. It will be pure Gothic. The only other example of any pure style of architecture is the Courthouse, which is pure Doric.

An additional interest will attach to the ceremonies of laying the corner-stone from the fact that the day will also be the thirtieth anniversary of the assumption of the duties of pastor by Dr. T. T. Eaton.

The laying of the corner-stone will be attended with a program of very impressive exercises.

The music of the occasion will be led by a double quartet, selected from the students of the Southern Baptist Theological Seminary.

The order of exercises will be as follows:

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## PORTLAND.

Mr. B. Lewis, of Twenty-eighth and Portland avenue, is suffering with a severely bruised leg.

Miss Hartfield, of Cincinnati, will be the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Poterdam the coming week.

Miss Camp entertained last Thursday evening the St. Elmo Club at supper at her home, Fourteenth and Walnut streets.

The Melrose Club have announced that they will entertain a dance at Fountain Park on May 13.

Louisville Council, D. of A., have announced that they will give a dance at Danville's on May 28.

Miss Julia Gosnell has returned home after a month's visit at Gallatin, Tenn.

Master Loran Davis is spending a few days with his grandmother, Mrs. J. Davis, of Portland.

Miss Laura Smart, of New Albany, spent a few days with friends on Portland avenue.

Mrs. Louisa is ill at her home, 287 Portland avenue.

A surprise party was tendered Miss Bertha Long Saturday evening at her home, Twenty-seventh and Portland avenue.

Mr. Ed Dolson, who has been ill for several days, is now able to be out.

The young people of Portland will give a concert at Schreiber's Hall Wednesday, May 8.

## PARKLAND.

Mr. James Davis has gone to Virginia on a business trip.

Mr. J. B. Fleming, of Washington, D. C., is visiting Capt. and Mrs. Samuel Allen.

Mrs. Anna Newell, on her way to St. Joe, Mich., from Pensacola, Fla., visited Miss Hester Van Pelt.

Mr. Gillner has rented Mr. C. C. Nott's house, on Virginia avenue.

Mrs. Wm. Washington, of Cloverport, who has been the guest of Mrs. Blair, returns home Monday.

Miss Ella Sherrod, of the Highlands, has been visiting Mrs. O. E. Hagerman.

Mrs. James Morgan and son, Master Samuel Morgan, and Miss Elizabeth Sampter, of Lagrange, are guests of Mrs. O. E. Hagerman.

Miss Isabelle Logan entertained the Clink Club Tuesday night. The prizes were won by Mr. Walter Cheek and Miss Mary Irving Bird.

Mrs. Kluney, of Litchfield, is the guest of Mrs. Julia B. Chick.

Mrs. Stewart, of the Highlands, has been visiting Mrs. Archie Bates.

Mr. and Mrs. George Grant will entertain the Thursday Night Euchre Club next week.

Little Anna Matthews is at home, after spending several weeks at one of the infirmaries, and is very much improved.

Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Howard, Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Brenner, entertained the following theater party Thursday night: Miss Bess Denhard, Miss Jennie Van Pelt, Miss Lila Howard, Miss Hester Van Pelt, Miss Bertha and Miss Daisy James, Miss Lida Howard and Miss Nell Van Pelt.

Mr. Robert W. Hopkins closed a very successful Sunday-school institute Thursday night at the Christian church.

Miss Bess Denhard entertained delightfully at cards Friday night at her home, 2429 Olive street. The following were invited: Miss Lila Kavanan, Miss May



Don't worry about your watch not keeping correct time, but take it to expert repairer.

LEN HUBER, 712 W. Market st. No trouble for him.

Roberts, Miss Bertha and Miss Daisy James, Miss Jennie Van Pelt, Miss Lila Howard, Miss Lida Denhard, Miss Lida Troxler, Miss Gertrude Sawyer, Miss Willie Van Pelt, Miss Lida Howard, Miss Nellie Cornwall, Miss Agnes Dixon, Mr. Jack Bradford, Mr. Frank Hoover, Mr. Selby Love, Mr. Livingston Bowie, Mr. Robert Van Pelt, Mr. Charles Crawford, Mr. Percy Young, Mr. Louis Rubel, Mr. Wallace Denhard, Mr. Paul Semonin, Mr. George Sterling, Mr. Charles Denhard and Mr. Fred Braeme.

## FIVE GRADUATES TO RECEIVE CERTIFICATES

Presbyterian Seminary's Faculty Address to Be Delivered by Dr. Hemphill.

The Rev. S. H. Chester, of Nashville, Secretary of Foreign Missions for the Presbyterian Church, South, delivered the annual missionary address to the students of the Louisville Presbyterian Theological Seminary last night at the Second Presbyterian church.

The religious services were conducted by the Rev. W. H. Marquess, assisted by the Rev. Dr. John H. Sampey, of the Baptist Theological Seminary.

Dr. Chester's subject, "The Situation in China," was discussed from the standpoint of "closed questions" and was ably handled, he having recently made a tour of China, Japan and Korea, in the interest of missionary work.

Tonight five graduates will receive certificates at the Presbyterian Theological Seminary. The faculty address will be delivered by the Rev. Charles R. Hemphill.

George Cadbury, the English chocolate manufacturer, has presented to the city of Birmingham an estate of 416 acres, valued at \$500,000, upon which to build houses for working people. The firm of Cadbury Bros. some time ago refused to fill an order from the English government for chocolates for soldiers in the Transvaal, giving as their reason that, being Friends, they disapproved of war.

## REMOVED CUT SEWING MACHINES

Removed to 334 4th Ave.

on all kinds of SEWING MACHINES. Any machine you want from \$5.00 to \$20.00 cheaper than other houses. All new improved and guaranteed. No agents.

Automatic \$35 W. & W. No. 3 \$35 Singer drop-head \$35 Eldridge \$35 Domestic \$25 Ky. Favorite \$25 New Home \$25 Democrat \$14 White \$12 New England \$12 Household \$12 Queen \$12 Eldridge Automatic \$12 This same automatic is sold by dry goods stores at \$25.

W. & W. No. 3 \$35

Singer drop-head \$35

Eldridge \$35

Domestic \$25

Ky. Favorite \$25

New Home \$25

Democrat \$14

White \$12

New England \$12

Household \$12

Queen \$12

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This